

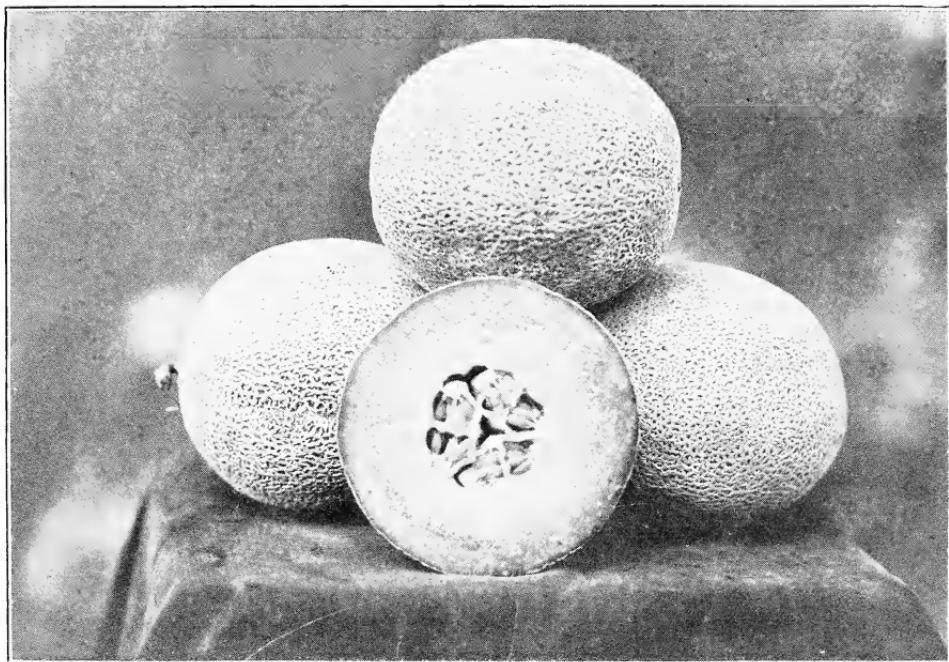
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62, 83

JACKSON'S "QUALITY BRAND" SEEDS

Annual Catalog 1922



UP-TO-DATE ROCKYFORD

O. P. JACKSON SEED CO., Inc.
305 Travis Street, Opposite City Market
Houston, Texas

What to Plant in the Garden

JANUARY

Prepare your hotbed in which to sow Beets, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cucumber, Celery, Eggplants, Lettuce, Melons, Onions, Pepper, Squash and Tomatoes for transplanting. If weather permits, in the open, Beets (table and stock varieties), Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Carrots, Collards, Corn, Corn Salad, Chervil, Endive, Herbs, Kale, Kohl-rabi, Leek, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Salsify, Spinach, Tobacco, Turnip. Set out Onion Sets and Shallots, Strawberry Plants, Asparagus, Horseradish and Rhubarb Roots.

FEBRUARY

Beets, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery, Eggplants, Lettuce, Onions, Pepper and Tomatoes should be transplanted in cold frame or boxes to produce sturdy plants; Cucumber, Melons and Squashes should be sown in dirtbands for transplanting after danger of frost is past, as they will not suffer any disturbance this way, and will be at least a month earlier. If weather permits, sow in the open: Artichokes, Asparagus, Beans, Beets, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Carrots, Collards, Corn Salad, Chervil, Endive, Herbs, Kale, Kohl-rabi, Leek, Lettuce, Mustard, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Tobacco, Turnip. Set out Onion Sets, Shallots, Sweet Potatoes for Slips, Strawberry and Vegetable Plants, Asparagus, Horseradish, Rhubarb Roots.

MARCH

A general list of vegetable seeds may be sown in the open ground now, as well as hotbed plants

can now be transplanted. Sow Artichoke, Asparagus, Bush and Pole Beans, Beets, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Cauliflower, Celery, Collards, Corn Salad, Sweet Corn, Cucumber, Eggplant, Endive, Herbs, Kale, Kohl-rabi, Leek, Lettuce, Melons, Mustard, Okra, Onions, Parsley, Parsnips, Peas, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Pepper, Pumpkins, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Tobacco, Turnip. Set out Onion Sets, Shallots, all kinds of Vegetable Plants, Asparagus, Horseradish, Rhubarb Roots, Sweet Potato Slips.

APRIL

Work enumerated for March applies to April.

MAY

Plant Bush and Pole Beans and sow Beets, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Carrots, Collards, Corn Salad, Sweet Corn, Cucumber, Endive, Herbs, Kale, Kohl-rabi, Leek, Lettuce, Melons, Mustard, Okra, Onions, Parsley, Peas, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Pumpkins, Radishes, Salsify, Spinach, Squash, Tobacco, Turnips, Celery, Eggplant, Pepper and Tomatoes for early fall crop. Set out Sweet Potato Slips and Onion Sets.

JUNE

Plant Bush and Pole Beans. Sow Beets, Carrots, Cucumbers, Sweet Corn, Endive, Herbs, Leek, Lettuce, Melons, Mustard, Okra, Parsley, Peas, Pumpkins, Radishes, Squash, Turnips, also Eggplants, Pepper, Tomatoes and Celery for fall crop.

Monthly Table for Sowing Field Seeds

JANUARY

Plant Irish Potatoes, Alfalfa, Barley, Clovers, Corn, Emmer, Texas Red Rust Proof Oats, Rape, Rye, Wheat, Vetch, Grass Seeds, Stock Beets, Carrots and Turnips.

FEBRUARY

Sow Alfalfa, Barley, Broom Corn, Buckwheat, Cane, Chufas, Corn, Cow Peas, Clovers for pasture, Emmer, Flax, Kaffir Corn, Thousand-headed Kale, Milo Maize, Millet, Texas Red Rust Proof Oats, Peanuts, Potatoes, Rape, Rye, Teosinte, Wheat, Vetch; Grass Seeds for pasture.

MARCH

Artichoke Tubers. Sow Alfalfa, Barley, Broom Corn, Buckwheat, Cane, Chufas, Corn, Cow Peas, Soy and Velvet Beans, Clovers, Cotton, Emmer, Flax, Bermuda, Johnson and Sudan Grass, Kaffir Corn, Thousand-Headed Kale, Milo Maize, Mil-

let, Oats, Peanuts, Potatoes, Pumpkin, Rape, Rye, Salt Bush, Sunflower, Teosinte, Wheat, Egyptian Wheat and Vetch.

APRIL

Work enumerated above for March may apply to April. Good time to sow Barnyard and Cattail Millet.

MAY

Artichokes, Broom Corn, Buckwheat, all varieties of Saccharine and Non-Saccharine Sorghum, Corn, Cow Peas, Soy and Velvet Beans, Japan Clover, Cotton, Bermuda, Johnson and Sudan Grass, Thousand-Headed Kale, Barnyard, Cattail and German Millet, Peanuts, Potatoes, Pumpkin, Rape, Salt Bush, Sunflower and Teosinte.

JUNE

Work enumerated above for May applies to June.

SEED ORDER BLANK

Please do not write in above space.

Q. P. JACKSON SEED CO., Inc., Houston, Texas.

**READ DIRECTIONS ON PAGE
THREE BEFORE ORDERING**

Enclosed find..... for

Seeds to be sent by.....

Name _____

P. O.

R. F. D. No. _____ Box No. _____ State _____

Don't Write in Above Space

O. P. Jackson Seed Co., Inc., give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, purity, productivity or any other matter of any Seeds, Plants, or Bulbs we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crops grown therefrom. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned and the money that has been paid for the same will be refunded.

We Very Much Appreciate Your Business

SPECIAL OFFER TO YOU

After making out your order write below the names of a few of your friends whom you believe would be glad to receive a copy of our Catalogue. For your trouble we will send you a few free seed of our own selection along with your order. We thank you.

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORDERING

NON-WARRANTY

O. P. Jackson Seed Co., Inc., give no warranty, express or implied, as to description, purity, productivity, or any other matter of any Seeds, Plants or Bulbs we send out, and we will not be in any way responsible for the crops grown therefrom. If the purchaser does not accept the goods on these terms, they are at once to be returned and the money that has been paid for the same will be refunded.

HOW TO SEND MONEY

Money can be sent safely either by postoffice order, bank draft, express draft, express order or registered letter. If your order amounts to \$1.00 or more it is best to send by one of the above methods. Postage stamps taken in amounts less than one dollar. Never send coin in the mail unless in registered letter.

We do not send goods C. O. D. Cash must accompany your order.

ORDER EARLY

It is important to order as soon after you get the Catalogue as convenient, then you will have your seeds at hand for planting when you want them.

GIVE YOUR FULL ADDRESS

We frequently receive orders without the name of the sender or with insufficient address. Customers should be particular to give full Name, Postoffice, County and State, number of Street, P. O. Box, and the nearest Express Office.

PRICES

All prices named in this Catalogue are subject to change without notice, and all sales made are payable in Houston, Texas.

IMPORTANT

Use Special Quotation Sheet
in Back of Catalog When
Writing Us for

Quantity Prices

Artichokes

Jerusalem or Tuber Rooted is entirely distinct and grown exclusively for their large potato like roots which are valuable for feeding hogs. The tubers are also used as a vegetable. Ask for prices.

Large Green Globe The most popular variety, buds large, globular, deep green. Pkt. 10c. oz. 70c, postpaid.

Asparagus

Conover's Colossal Standard variety for all purposes, especially for canning; it makes large thick white shoots of delicious flavor. Pkt. 10c.

Bush or Bunch Beans

Jackson's Early Red Valentine Earliness is the variety, the pods are slightly smaller than the Black Valentine, round, lighter in color, little stringy but of extra good quality, especially when picked young; dry seeds pink marbled with red. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Giant Stringless Green Pod From its first cultivation it has been a favorite for home garden and market purposes, heavy bearer and usually can be picked in one third the time of any other sort. The bearing, however, is comparatively short—pods round about six inches long, dark green in color, very brittle and absolutely stringless, dry seeds are of a yellowish brown color. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Tennessee Green Pod An early and very productive variety for sand and sandy loam, foliage thick dark green, pods flat 5 to 6 inches long, tender and brittle, dry seeds are of a dark brown color. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Refugee or 1000 to 1 Requires more time for this bean to mature. Pods are round, about 5 inches long, slightly curved, usually six seeded, light green in color and a little stringy, an excellent bean for canning purposes. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Burpee's Stringless Green Pod The plant grows from 12 to 15 inches, very erect and productive, pods round, about 5 inches long, strictly stringless, real tender, fine grained and of good quality, dry beans are dark brown in color. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.



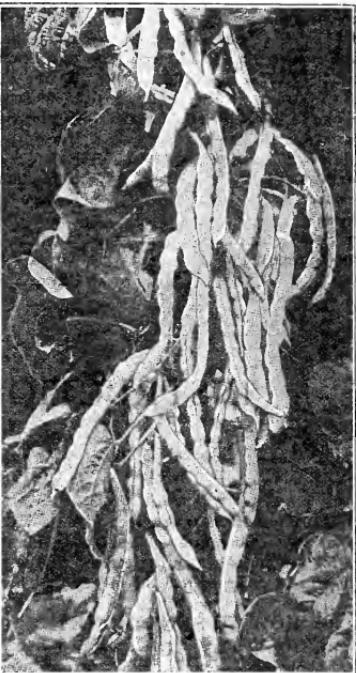
Burpee's Stringless Green Pod

Black Valentine A well known and extensively grown bean in the South and Southwest. Pods long and round, popular variety for shipping; dry beans are black. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Early Longfellow Round, long podded tender and brittle and of the finest flavor. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Bountiful A flat podded bean, early and hardy. Large Pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Make the idle soil space around your house return large dividends



Kentucky Wonder or Old Homestead

Pole or Climbing Beans

Kentucky Wonder Pods green, round and grow 5 to 7 inches long, meaty, stringless, very prolific. Beans in 60 to 70 days from planting. A variety that should be planted in every garden. Dry seeds are brown. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

McCaslan A pole snap bean, preferred by a number of gardeners in reference to the Kentucky Wonder. The pods deep green in color, meaty, stringless and of delicious flavor. Dry beans are white. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

White Caseback An early green podded variety; pods fleshy and stringless; dry seeds are white and can be used as a shelled bean for winter use. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

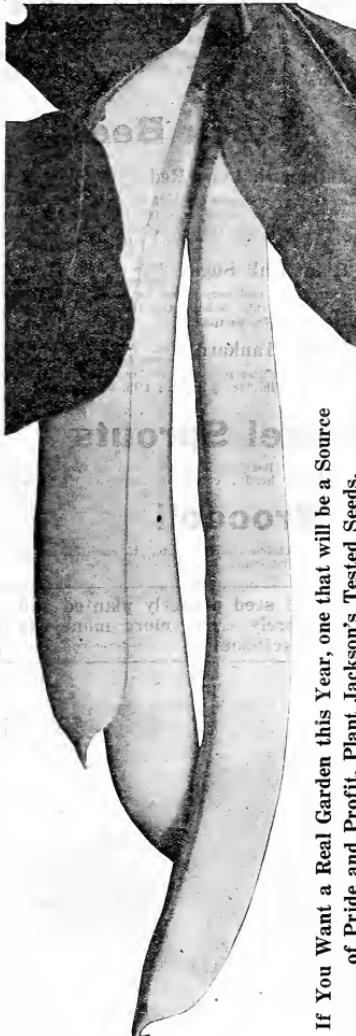
Dutch Caseknife Flat podded, medium early; popular in South Texas with home gardeners. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Early Golden Cluster A wax bean, pods unusually large and strong. Large pkt. 10c.; 1 lb. 35c.; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Dwarf Wax Yellow Pod Beans

Davis Kidney Wax Pods flat, long and straight. A desirable bean for home use. Pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Wardwell's Kidney Wax One of the early varieties of wax beans, maturing in 6 to 6 weeks with favorable weather; vigorous grower, bearing heavy crops; a fine bean to grow for shipping to market. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.



If You Want a Real Garden this Year, one that will be a Source of Pride and Profit, Plant Jackson's Tested Seeds.

For highest quality seeds, mail your order to Jackson's

Improved Golden Wax Grown extensively throughout the South for the reason that it stands drouth remarkably well; pods are of medium length and of golden color; beans 45 to 50 days after seed is planted. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Prolific Black Wax Immensely productive and one of the most handsome round wax beans; pods medium in length and of a golden color; remains in condition a long time for use as snap. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Bush Lima Beans

Henderson Bush Lima The plant is small, compact, hardy, very early and productive; pods are small, about 3 inches long and flat and dark green in color; the shelled beans are white and small and of excellent flavor. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Jackson's Butter Beans This is considered by most small Butter Bean. The pods are flat and each stands drouth better than some other varieties. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Texas Speckled Bush Lima Beans This popular native of Texas, therefore, adapted to our climate. Beans are medium in size speckled or blotched dark red. Very prolific bearing abundantly, commencing in early summer and last till frost. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Burpee's Bush Lima An Improved Bush form of the large white Lima Bean. Bears heavy crops late in the season. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Pole Lima Beans

Carolina or Sieva This is not one of the earliest beans; requires about 70 days for the beans to mature from the time seed is planted. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Large White A rather late but excellent variety, either green or dried. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

King of the Garden This variety we recommend to any gardener, although most garden planter knows about this bean. Fine flavor, shelled easily, grows vigorous, pods are large. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid. Not prepaid 10 lbs. \$2.00.

Florida Butter Bean (Pole) fine small pole butter bean, seeds being speckled white and brownish red. It blooms and bears profusely all through the season. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

Field Beans

White Navy Beans Our stocks are of the finest quality. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; 10 lbs. \$2.25, prepaid.

Tepary Beans Too much praise cannot be given this wonderful bean. One of the best for our great Southwest country; thrives and does well in dry climates. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; 10 lbs. \$2.25, prepaid.

Mexican Pinto Beans Another dry climate bean, similar to the Mexican Frijole. Large pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; 10 lbs. \$2.25, prepaid.

Garden or Table Beets

Crosby's Egyptian

One of the earliest and perhaps the most used beet for all purposes; the top is small, the root is turnip shaped, deep blood



Improved Early Blood Turnip Beet

Eclipse Real early variety with small tops and medium sized round bright red roots, sweet, tender flavor. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 85c, postpaid.

Swiss Chard or Turnip Beet Grown for its leaves only; does not make a root like other varieties. Leaves grow upright and are cooked like spinach, while the center stem is cooked and served like asparagus. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 85c, postpaid.

Improved Early Blood Turnip Beet

The old standard table beet; roots almost round, bright red in color and has a large coarse top; a variety we always recommend to any of our customers. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 85c, postpaid.

Stock Beets

Mammoth Long Red Heaviest cropping and largest of all mangolds; roots grow one-half above the surface and are frequently two or more feet in length and eight inches in diameter; a favorite variety with dairymen. Oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 55c, postpaid.

Giant Half Sugar Roots average 10 to 12 inches; the flesh is pure white, firm and very sweet for stock feeding. We recommend this variety. Oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 55c, postpaid.

Golden Tankard Very productive, easily harvested; has deep yellow flesh and skin; roots are of large size and sweet. Oz. 10c; 1 lb. 20c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 55c, postpaid.

Brussel Sprouts

Improved Rosemary Bearing a large crop of soft, tender heads; cultivated same as cabbage. Pkt. 10c

Broccoli

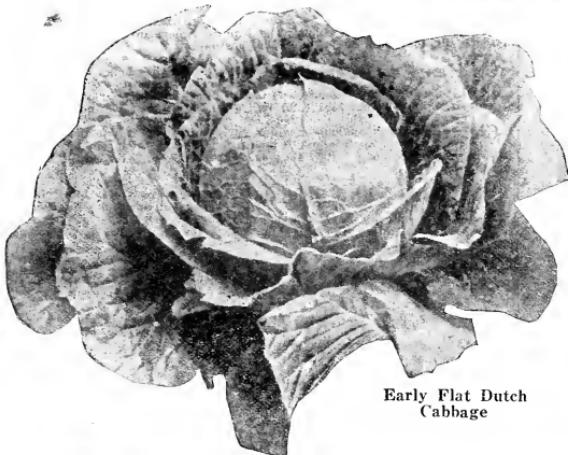
Cape Broccoli A vegetable closely related to cauliflower, cultivated the same. Pkt. 10c.

The right kind of seed properly planted and cultivated will surely cause more money to stay in your pocketbook.

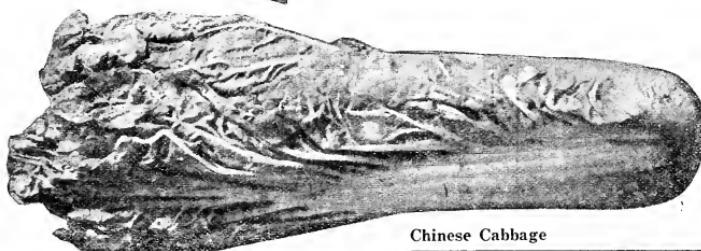


Mammoth Long Red Stock Beet

CABBAGE



Early Flat Dutch
Cabbage



Chinese Cabbage

All Seasons Heads extremely large and solid, round, flattened at top. It is called All Seasons because it is good for Autumn as well as early Summer. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

All Head Early The deep flat heads are solid and very uniform in color, size and form. And of the most thoroughbred of all American Cabbages. Excellent variety for kraut. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Drumhead Large sized variety, many leaves, dark green, waiving at the edges. An extra good keeper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Premium Late Flat Dutch A favorite with most gardeners; a rather large variety, very hardy and a sure header; heads flat but deep and solid. A standard for late crops, and a good keeper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Sure Head Heads are large, round, flattened uniform, 8 to 14 lbs. each. Sure to head. A good shipper and a fine keeper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Copenhagen This variety is on the order of the Ball Head type, very heavy and solid; large size and globe shaped. Considered one of the earliest varieties, but does well also for medium and late. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. 90c; 1 lb. \$2.50, postpaid.

Danish Ballhead A well known variety on account of its solid heads and unsurpassed keeping qualities. A real favorite with market gardeners. Heads are of medium size, solid, crisp, tender, with very small amount of waste. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. 90c; 1 lb. \$2.50, postpaid.

Early Jersey Wakefield The variety is solid, comparatively small and running to a rather small point at the top. Excellent quality and very few outer leaves; one of the earliest sorts. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Charleston Wakefield Not quite as early as the Early Jersey Wakefield, but of just as good quality; heads somewhat larger and lighter than flat. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Early Flat Dutch Head round but flattened, solid and uniform with very little outside foliage. Plant is upright and short stemmed. Heads often weigh 10 lbs. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Early Summer A second early variety, producing large solid heads; of finest quality and flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Succession A sure-heading sort: heads large and round, grown by amateurs as well as market gardeners. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Wong Bok

(Chinese or Celery Cabbage). Has a mild cabbage flavor, very delicate and delicious. It makes a delicious slaw, also a very fine salad. When cooked Wong Bok makes greens delicately cabbage-flavored and not at all like boiled cabbage. It blanches to almost clear white. Pkt. 15c.



Early Summer Cabbage

CARROTS

Danver's Half Long Broad shouldered, cylindrical, admirable in color; always a favorite, because reliable. Attractive in form and color. The leading American sort. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Ox Heart or Guerande Roots 4 to 6 inches long, very stout and thick, tender and of excellent flavor; small top and easily harvested; color light bright red; very rapid in growth. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Chantenay Excellent medium early half-long stump-rooted variety. Roots about 6 inches long. Very thick, smooth and of a deep orange-red color. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 60c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Mammoth White Belgian Extensively grown for stock feeding. Very productive, roots grow about 12 inches long. Easily harvested, account half of roots grow above ground. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50c; 1 lb. 75c; 5 lbs. \$3.50, postpaid.

CAULIFLOWER

Early Snowball Undoubtedly the finest and most popular variety; heads very early, of medium size, firm, compact, solid and very white. Plant and cultivate same as cabbage. Pkt. 20c, postpaid.

Veitch's Autumn Giant A large, vigorous late variety. Heads large and firm, white and well protected by large dark green foliage. Pkt. 15c, postpaid.

Algiers A sure-heading late variety and a favorite with market gardeners. Pkt. 10c, postpaid.

CELERY

Golden Self-Blanching This sort without doubt is the finest early celery in cultivation; plants compact and stocky, with yellowish green foliage. Stalks perfectly solid, of a fine flavor and attains good size. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c, postpaid.

White Plume Naturally white or light foliage, requires but little banking up to blanch. Very early and extensively grown. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c, postpaid.

CELERIAC

Giant Prague Very large roots, for stews; when cooked and sliced makes fine winter salad. Pkt. 10c, postpaid.

COLLARDS

Southern or Creole A variety adapted to all parts of the South; will make a good crop where the soil is too poor to grow cabbage; hardy, standing winters without serious injury in Southern States. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 45c; 1 lb. 75c, postpaid.

CORN SALAD

A quick-growing plant used as a salad in the Fall or Winter; also used as a substitute for lettuce. Plant early in the Spring. Pkt. 10c.

Your Question—
"How Can I Make a More Profitable Garden?"
Our Answer—
By Planting Jackson's Quality Brand Seeds.



Danver's Half Long Carrot

CORN = Garden Variety

Grains of Sweet Corn are tender, therefore do not plant quite as early as Field Corn. Ground should be warm and leaves on trees should be out before planting. Plant in hills 3 feet apart each way, covering about half an inch and thin out to three plants to hill; or plant in rows 4 feet apart, to stand 12 inches apart in the rows.

Adams' Extra Early The earliest and hardiest variety. Not a true sweet corn, but generally classed with it. Stalks 4 feet high, few leaves, short ears, extra full; an excellent variety and can be planted early and close together. Truckers always call for this variety. Pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid. Write for prices in large lots.

Adams' Early Ears larger than Adam's Extra Early and can be planted 10 days after the above listed variety. We recommend this variety for second planting. Pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid.

Golden Bantam Undoubtedly the sweetest of Sugar Corn. Dwarf early variety, matures in two and one-half months from planting. Stalks usually bear two ears 5 inches long; good results may be expected when planted on either black or sandy soils; a favorite with all gardeners. Pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

Country Gentleman This variety makes 2 to 3 good sized ears to the stalk on good fertile land; small deep grains. Plant a few rows of this high-quality corn. Pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

Stowell's Evergreen Productive, tender, sugary and remains in good condition, suitable for cooking, a long time. Pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 35c; 2 lbs. 60c, postpaid.

POPCORN

Golden Queen This variety has yellow grains and pops nicely; either variety planted thick makes a fine crop for stock. Pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 30c, postpaid.

White Rice Widely cultivated and used more than any other sort; short ears with long pointed kernels. Pkt. 10c; 1 lb. 30c, postpaid.

CRESS

True Water Easily grown near ponds and streams. Pkt. 10c.

DANDELION

Improved Large Leaf The young leaves are used for spring "Tonic". Sow seeds in rows one foot apart, soon as ground can be worked, afterwards thinning out plants to four inches apart. Pkt. 10c.

ENDIVE

Green Curled One of the best salads for Fall and Winter use, and the most desirable variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c, postpaid.

Broad Leaved Batavian Leaves broad, light green and nearly plain; used in soups and stews. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c, postpaid.

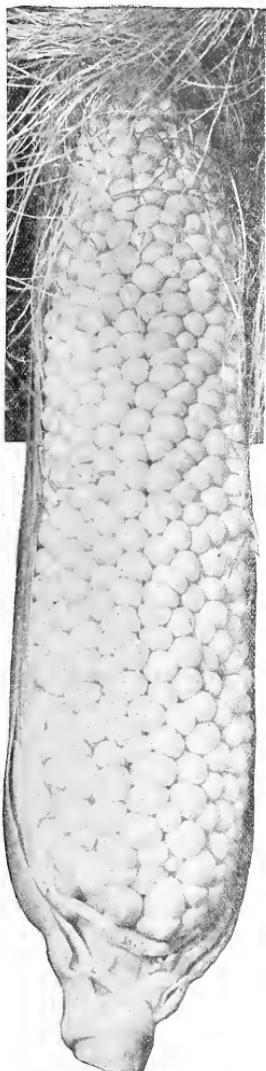
EGG PLANT

Black Beauty An excellent variety for home and market use; best heat and drought resisting of all large fruited egg plants. The plants branch freely near the ground. Fruits extra large and of most attractive form. Skin rich and purplish black, which makes it a ready seller. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; 1 lb. 1.25, postpaid.

New York Spineless This variety is largely grown and produces egg plants in large quantities. Plants often bear from 5 to 7 fruits each. They are of excellent quality and free from thorns. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Florida High Bush A variety that can't be beat for slicing. No waste; fruit tender and of fine quality. Plants strong and stand unfavorable weather conditions. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Extensive and intensive gardening is of as much importance today as it has been during the last four seasons, for it is one method whereby your living expenses can be considerably lightened.



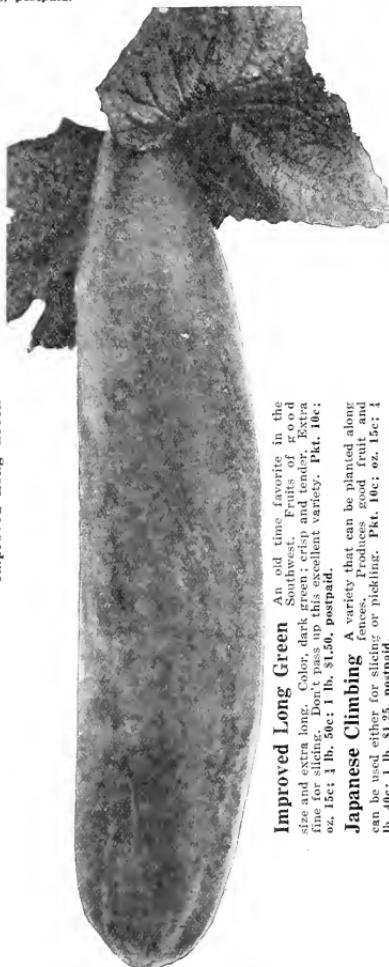
Golden Bantam

No good results can be expected when cheap seeds are planted, but seeds that Jackson will furnish can be relied on.

CUCUMBERS

Davis Perfect A well known and earliest variety for both home and garden market use. Grows long and slim, often measuring 9 inches in length. A favorite variety with shippers; very prolific and tender. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 45c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Henderson's White Spine These Cucumbers are regular in outline, uniform in size, averaging 7 to 8 inches in length; straight and of a rich, dark green color. Flesh white and crisp; very few seeds. For home use and bulk pickles. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.



Improved Long Green

Improved Long Green An old time favorite in the Southwest. Fruits of good size and extra long. Color, dark green; crisp and tender. Extra fine for slicing. Don't pass up this excellent variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Japanese Climbing A variety that can be planted along fences. Produces good fruit and can be used either for slicing or pickling. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Gherkins Small fruited; two to three inches long, well rounded. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 45c; 1 lb. \$1.75, postpaid.

Early Fortune The correct name is certainly applied to this variety; a favorite with truckers; one of the earliest. Dark green white spine cucumber. Flesh very thick yet firm and crisp with a very small seed. We cannot recommend this variety too highly as a valuable crop. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Klondike Used largely for shipping. Vines are hardy and productive. Fruits of uniform shape and size. Color, dark green, and affected less by the hot sun than any other variety we know of. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Chicago Pickling The most popular of the pickling varieties. Fruits bright green, of a medium size and smooth. Flesh crisp and very tender. Our stock of this seed is of the highest quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Early Cluster Fruits are short, thick crisp and tender; vines are hardy and vigorous. An early and very productive variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

HERBS

Anise (Annual). Seeds used for flavoring and medicinal purposes. Leaves used for garnishing. Pkt. 10c, postpaid.

Balm (Perennial). Leaves used for medicinal purposes. Pkt. 10c.

Basil Sweet (Annual). The seeds and stems for flavoring. Pkt. 10c.

Borage (Annual). Good bee plant. Pkt. 10c.

Catnip Used for medicinal purposes. Pkt. 10c.

Coriander Used for flavoring. Pkt. 10c.

Dill (Annual). Seeds used for seasoning; also leaves used very extensively for flavoring in pickle factories. Pkt. 10c.

Fennel (Perennial). Seeds used for flavoring and leaves for garnishing. Pkt. 10c.

Horehound (Perennial). Used for medicinal purposes. Pkt. 10c.

Lavender (Perennial). Largely used in the making of perfume. Pkt. 10c.

Majoram Sweet Used both in the green and dry state for seasoning. Pkt. 10c.

Rosemary (Perennial). Leaves used for seasoning and making perfume. Pkt. 10c.

Rue (Perennial). Used for medicinal purposes. Pkt. 10c.

Sage (Perennial). Grown very extensively for seasoning. Pkt. 10c.

Tansy (Perennial). For medicinal purposes. Pkt. 10c.

Thyme (Perennial). Well known and grown to a considerable extent for seasoning. Pkt. 10c.

Wormwood (Perennial). Leaves with very bitter taste. It is grown for medicinal purposes. Recommended also as of value to poultry. Pkt. 10c.

KALE

Quarter ounce to 100-foot row, 3 pounds to acre.

Dwarf Green (60 days). A very fine curled, low-growing variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Tall Sotch Curled Grows about 23 feet high with curled edges. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Jersey Kale or Thousand-Headed A tall variety with smooth leaves. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

KOHL RABI

Quarter-ounce to 100-foot row, 3 pounds to acre.

Early White Vienna (55 days). The most popular sort, with small tops. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 90c; postpaid.

Early Purple Vienna (60 days). A purple variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. 90c; postpaid.

Large Green (60 days). A good table variety with green bulbs. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1 lb. \$90c, postpaid.

LETTUCE

Big Boston Absolutely the most popular head lettuce in cultivation. Heads large, leaves broad, mostly smooth, very fine grained and packed as close as cabbage. Popular for outside culture as well as cold-frame forcing. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Black Seeded Simpson Very early and hardy; compact growth, without forming a distinct head. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Jackson's Iceburg An extra fine strain; very crisp-leaved, forming a hard head of medium size, of excellent flavor and fine quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

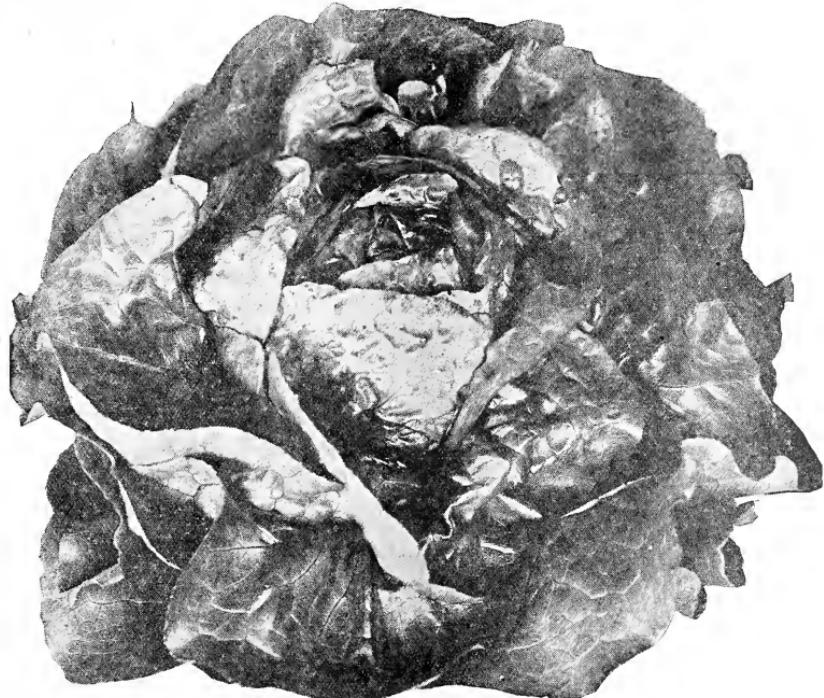
Early Curled Simpson Light green in color, forming no head. Loose, bunchy sort; is crisp and tender and easy to grow. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Prize Head (48 days). The best loose-bunching variety we know of. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; postpaid.

Grand Rapids A well known forcing variety for the Southwest. It is a loose-bunching variety, forming no definite head. Matures in 45 days from planting. It is extremely curled. Seed will not grow if covered deeper than one-eighth inch. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Deacon (45 days). A large cabbage variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; postpaid.

Hanson One of the best outdoor varieties; very hardy. One of the crisp heading sorts. In color it is of an attractive green. Head large, tender and crisp. An excellent variety for all uses. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, postpaid.



Big Boston Lettuce

California Cream Butter Heads large and of a rich golden color inside. Leaves thick and bright green; outer leaves slightly spotted. Unusually easy to grow and a good shipping variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Paris White Cos The best of Cos or Celery varieties. This lettuce is also called Romaine and is very popular. Cos type lettuce has long upright leaves. The flavor is different from ordinary lettuce and esteemed by many garden planters. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

New York or Wonderful Lettuce A splendid variety of large size, extra fine quality, usually slow in running to seed. Well adapted to our climate. This variety has proved to be a wonderful head lettuce. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c, postpaid.

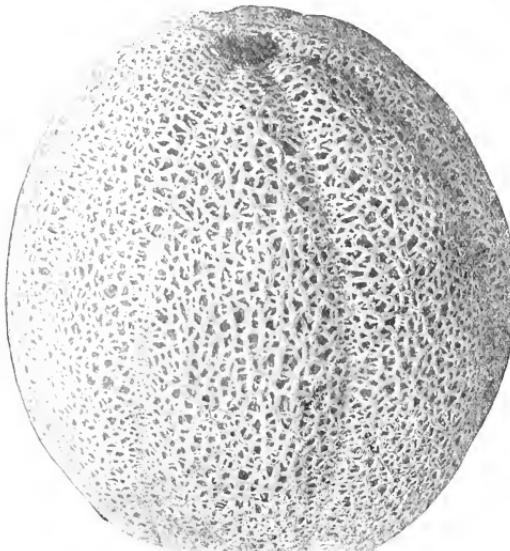
May King (50 days). A fine beaded variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, postpaid.

Salamander (42 days). A cabbage-head variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 40c, postpaid.

LEEK

Giant Musselburg A hardy sort with long, thick stems of sweet, mild flavor. Pkt. 10c, postpaid.

TIP TOP CANTELOUPES



Up-to-Date Rocky Ford

Up-to-Date Rocky Ford One of the best and perhaps the most popular cantaloupe. Regularly ribbed, well netted, good size and has thick green flesh of delicious flavor. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Eden Gem A variety that gives perfect satisfaction. Its flesh is green, its dense netting aids greatly in resistance to insects. A money-making variety for truckers and an excellent cantaloupe for home use. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Texas Cannon Ball Of medium size, round and very sweet. A drought-resisting variety, hence exceedingly popular throughout Texas. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Burrells Gem An excellent small melon of the netted type; fruit oblong, distinctly but not deeply ribbed. Flesh deep salmon, of fine flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Hackensack An old standard variety; fruits round, flattened at the ends; flesh green, thick and of fine flavor. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

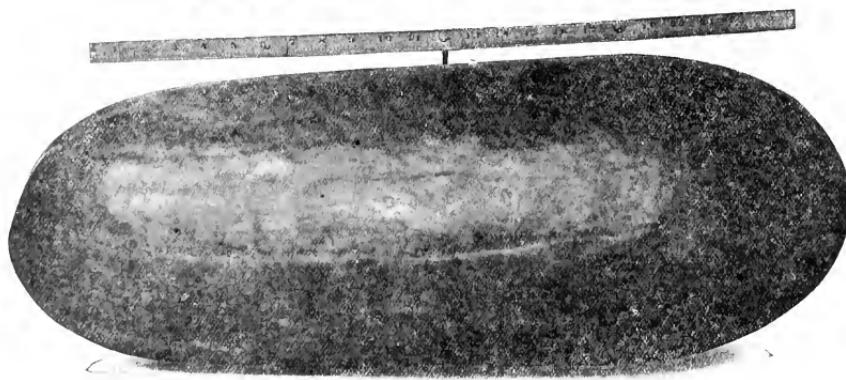
Banana Grows 20 to 25 inches long; prolific; flesh rich salmon; quality O. K. when thoroughly ripe. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Nutmeg Sweet, green flesh, very early. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

CASABA MELON

Honey Dew One of the Casaba Melons that is adapted to the South. The average size of the melon is about 6 inches in diameter and 7 inches long. The flesh is of a deep rich green color, thick and fine grained. Large Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.75, postpaid.

WATERMELONS



Tom Watson

Tom Watson Without a doubt the most popular variety. Melons 16 to 20 inches long and 8 to 10 inches in diameter. Dark green rind, thin but tough; stands shipping well. The flesh is deep red and of the finest flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

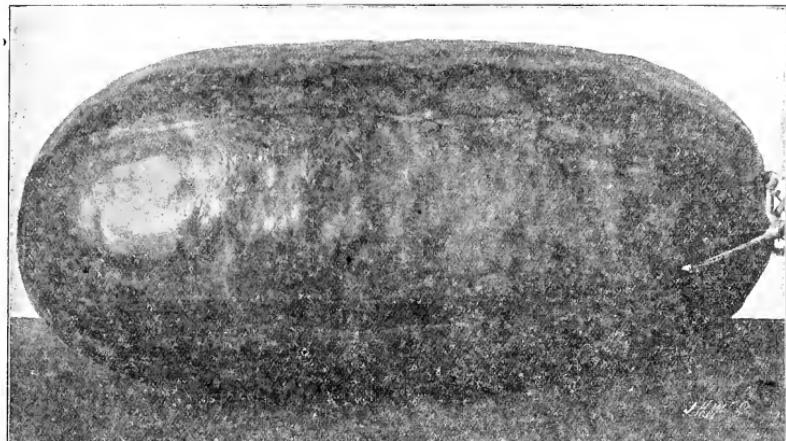
WATERMELONS=Continued

Halbert Honey Dark glossy green skin; flesh crimson and very sweet; of a delicious flavor; a vigorous grower and heavy fruitier. Melons 18 to 20 inches in length. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Alabama Sweet A good shipper; skin dark green; flesh red and tender. An excellent melon for home use and sells quickly on the market. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Kleckley Sweet Said to be the sweetest of all watermelons. Very crisp and tender and exceedingly delicious. Has dark green thin rind; flesh scarlet and firm. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

Georgia Rattlesnake A striped melon; flesh dark red, of sweet flavor; fruits oblong in form and of good size and excellent quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.



Halbert Honey

MUSTARD

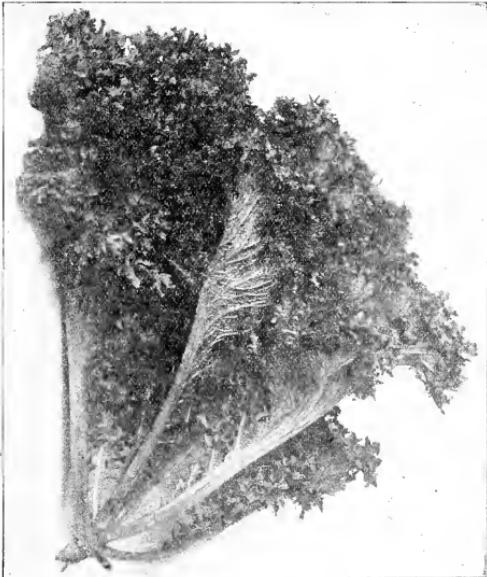
Chinese Mustard A very hardy, broad-leaved variety; leaves are thick, white, broad white midrib; remains in condition for use a long time; rapid in growth and very tender. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 25c; 1 lb. 65c, postpaid.

Southern Giant Curled Large variety, forming a giant mass of beautiful leaves, which are ruffled and finely curled on the edges; very hardy and vigorous. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 25c; 1 lb. 65c, postpaid.

Ostrich Plume A popular variety, leaves are curled and frilled like an ostrich plume. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 65c, postpaid.

White Mustard Used mostly for seasoning. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c, postpaid.

More and more garden planters are learning each year that there is a big difference in seeds; that is why we continue to grow, because our seeds are reliable.



Southern Giant Curled Mustard

GARDEN PEAS

WRITE FOR PRICES IN LARGE QUANTITIES

First and Best (50 days). Grows from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet high; a most delicious smooth white pea. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Premium Gem (55 days). Extra good early green wrinkled pea; bushes about 18 inches in height. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Sutton's Excelsior (60 days). A delicious heavy yielder of the wrinkled variety; plants about 12 inches high. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

American Wonder (50 days). An early dwarf wrinkled pea, growing about 12 inches high. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Champion of England (70 days). An old standard wrinkled variety, growing 4 to 5 feet tall. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Little Marvel A heavy yielding dwarf wrinkled variety. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Telephone (50 days). A heavy yielder; grows about 4 feet in height; very early but wrinkled. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Melting Sugar (80 days). The pods of this sweet, delicious pea beans; vines are 4 feet high. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Blackeye Marrowfat (65 days). A five-foot pea, bearing large pods. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Alaska (50 days). A very early smooth sort; grows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet high. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Large White Marrowfat A very late sort, bearing large quantities of well filled pods. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.



White Velvet Okra

OKRA

White Velvet A medium size variety, bearing long, smooth white pods, which are very tender and of excellent quality. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 65c, postpaid.

Perkins Long Pod Pods dark green and unusually long; a good shipping variety. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 65c, postpaid.

Dwarf Green Prolific dwarf variety; pods short but thick. Large pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 65c, postpaid.



Alaska Peas

PARSLEY

Plain or Single Leaves flat, deeply cut, not curled; dark green in color. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c, postpaid.

Doubled Curled A handsome curled variety; the best sort for home use. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 15c, postpaid.

PARSNIPS

Improved Hollow Crown (90 days). The best variety; the roots are long, smooth and tender. Large pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.

WHEN YOU HAVE FIELD SEED TO SELL, SEND US A TRUE SAMPLE, NAME US THE QUANTITY YOU HAVE TO OFFER AND YOUR BEST PRICE.

ONION SEEDS

White Silverskin (White Portugal). A firm, hard onion and an excellent keeper; skin white. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.

Southport White Globe A uniform white globe onion; flesh crisp, fine grained and of a very fine flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.

Early White Pearl An early variety, with pure white skin; a good onion to pickle. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.

Red Creole Very hot red onion that keeps better than most any other variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c, postpaid.

Australian Brown Flesh is white and firm and of mild flavor. Color of skin is amber brown. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.

El Paso or Large Mexican A large white onion. The sort that is exceedingly popular in Mexico. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.

Prizetaker A yellow globe variety; grows rather large and is of mild flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.

ONION SEEDS=Continued

Yellow Bermuda This is the standard variety throughout the South. It is an extra early, heavy-cropping, mild onion. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$2.25, postpaid.

Crystal White Wax A pure white onion of the Bermuda type, exceedingly mild. A few seed of this variety should be planted in every garden. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1 lb. \$2.50, postpaid.

Red Bermuda The color is a pale red, same shape, size and mildness as the two varieties listed above. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c, postpaid.

ONION SETS

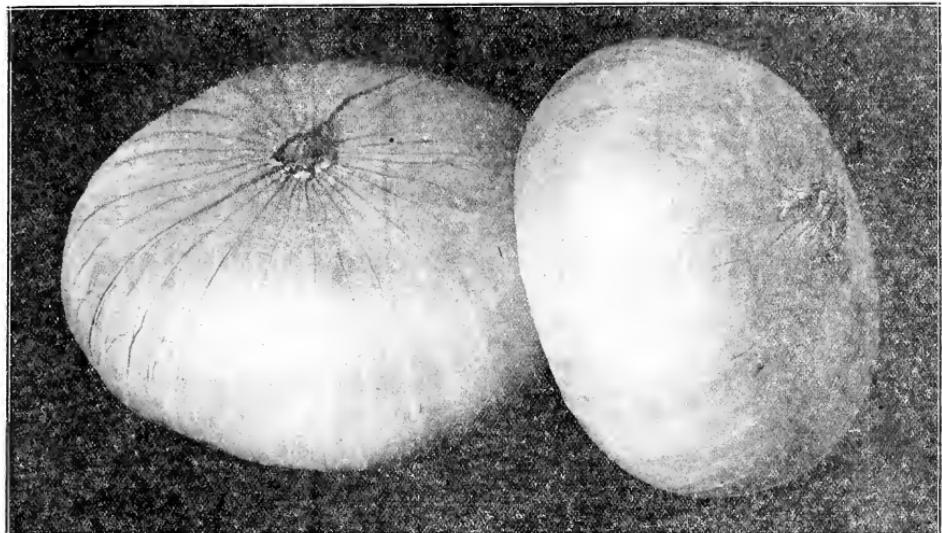
One Quart to 100-Foot Row

We Offer Extra Well-Matured Screened Sets
YELLOW DANVERS RED, and **WHITE PEARL**
25c per Quart, Postpaid

BERMUDA SETS ONLY IN THE FALL

If larger amounts are desired, we will gladly quote you.

Shallots A small size onion which grows in clumps and multiplies very rapidly. Write for prices.



Yellow Bermuda Onion

PEPPERS

Pimiento The mildest flavored of all Peppers; fruit very smooth and glossy in color; flesh is very thick and of fine flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Mexican Chili (140 days). Very hot, red, pear-shaped Pepper of medium size. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Tabasco A small, slender and very hot Pepper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Birdeye A very small Pepper, the size of a pea; very hot. Stocks limited; crop a failure. Pkt. 20c, postpaid.

Chinese Giant The best and hardiest variety for the home garden; very mild and sweet. The plants are vigorous in growth. The Peppers are real large, often growing 5 inches broad at top. Delicious flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.75; 1 lb. \$6.50, postpaid.

Celestial This Pepper has two uses, being both ornamental and edible. The profusely bearing plants produce fruits of constantly changing color. When young they are a creamy yellow, and as they mature they become a vivid scarlet. The bushes are an ornament to any garden and the Peppers are fine for pickling. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c, postpaid.

Ruby Giant If you want a Pepper that is sure enough mild, as well as large, order this variety. Flesh is exceedingly thick and sweet; it is an early maturing variety. Market gardeners always buy this variety of seed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 4 lb. \$1.25; 1 lb. \$4.75, postpaid.

HELP US TO SERVE YOU BETTER—MAIL YOUR ORDER TODAY.

PEPPERS = Continued

Ruby King An improved American variety, large and attractive. The plants are 2 feet tall and very productive. The fruits are often 4 inches long and a deep green color when young, bright red when ripe. Flesh is thick and mild flavored. One of the best varieties for stuffed peppers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.25; 1 lb. \$4.50, postpaid.

Large Bell or Bull Nose

A real early variety of mild flavor. The plants are 2 feet tall and very productive. An extra good shipping variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.25; 1 lb. \$4.00, postpaid.

Long Red Cayenne One of the hot sorts; is used for seasoning, etc. A very prolific pepper, bearing fruits from 4 to 5 inches long. Every garden should have a row of this variety in it. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25; 1 lb. \$4.00, postpaid.



Ruby King

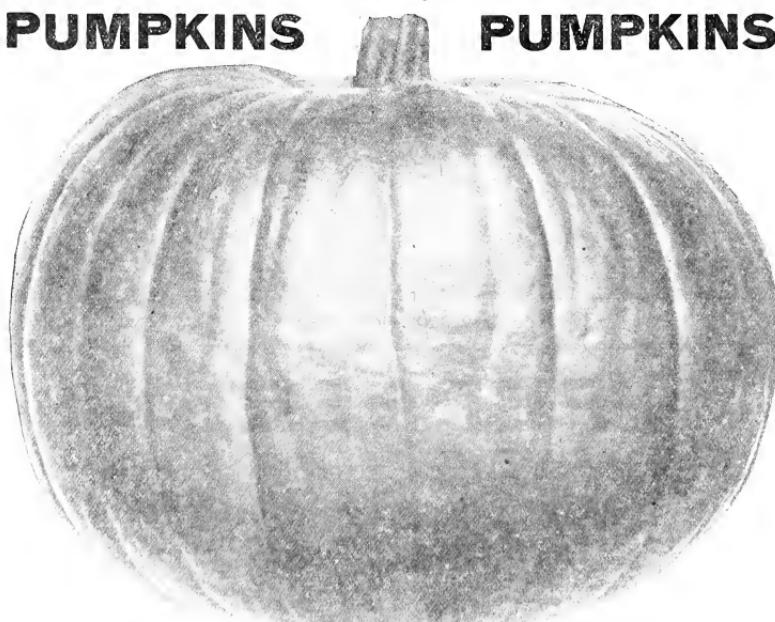
Seed Irish Potatoes

Red Bliss Triumphs Irish Cobblers and Early Rose

At the time this Catalogue goes to press it is impossible for us to name prices on Potatoes. We, therefore, ask our customers to write us for prices, stating quantity wanted, and we will quote you our best prices.

Just now with you seeds are only seeds, but they hold the measure of your crop. Jackson's seeds meet your expectation at the end of the season.

PUMPKINS



Texas Field Pumpkin

Texas Field Pumpkin (100 days). The best stock Pumpkin ever offered. A large, round, flattened Pumpkin, about 2 feet in diameter, adapted to our great Southwest, and you should by all means give this a trial. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 25c; 1 lb. 85c; 4 lbs. \$3.00, postpaid.

Mexican La Guna (100 days). A Mexican Pumpkin; a good keeper and a heavy yielder. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.

Japanese Pie (85 days). A fine variety for making pies. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

PUMPKINS=Continued

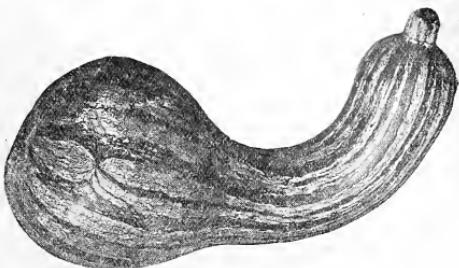
Tennessee Sweet Potato (85 days). Flesh very thick, creamy white and of fine grain. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 45c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Small Sugar (80 days). A fine keeper; flesh rich, dark yellow; fine for pies. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 40c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Improved Green Striped Cушaw (90 days). A crook and white stripes; flesh thick and sweet. If bugs appear, order some Hammond Slug Shot. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 45c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Kentucky Field The most popular field sort. Plant when corn is laid by. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 25c; 1 lb. 65c; 4 lbs. \$2.00, postpaid.

Mammoth Tours The largest of the Pumpkin family; fine for stock feeding. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.50, postpaid.



Improved Green Striped Cушaw

SPINACH

Bloomsdale or Savoy This variety produces large crops of thick leaved Spinach; a real early sort, maturing in about 45 days from planting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 20c; 1 lb. 45c, postpaid.

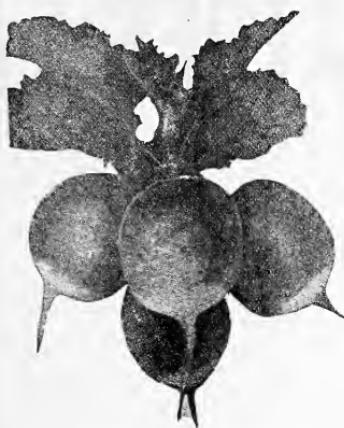
SALSIFY

Mammoth Sandwich Island The farmer's Oyster Plant. This variety is large and strong, growing with long, smooth white tapering roots. Valuable for market use. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c, postpaid.

TOBACCO

Havana Imported For cigars. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c, postpaid.

White Burley Fine for wrappers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c, postpaid.



White Tip Turnip Radish

RADISHES

Round Black Spanish (40 days) A black globe-shaped Radish for winter. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c, postpaid.

Cincinnati Market (30 days) A smooth, long, scarlet Radish. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c, postpaid.

China Rose (50 days). A very large bright rose Radish; for winter use. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c, postpaid.

White Tip Turnip (24 days) Small, quick-growing Radish with a white tip; the very best for home or market use. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c; 5 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

Early Scarlet Turnip (24 days) A small bright scarlet Turnip Radish. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c; 5 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

Early Long Scarlet (30 days) The best long red Radish. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c; 5 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

Jackson's Chartier (About 45 days) Radish; scarlet, shading to white at the tip. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c; 5 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

Icicle (30 days). A long, pure white Radish. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c, postpaid.

Long Black Spanish (50 days) A pure black long winter Radish. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c; 5 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

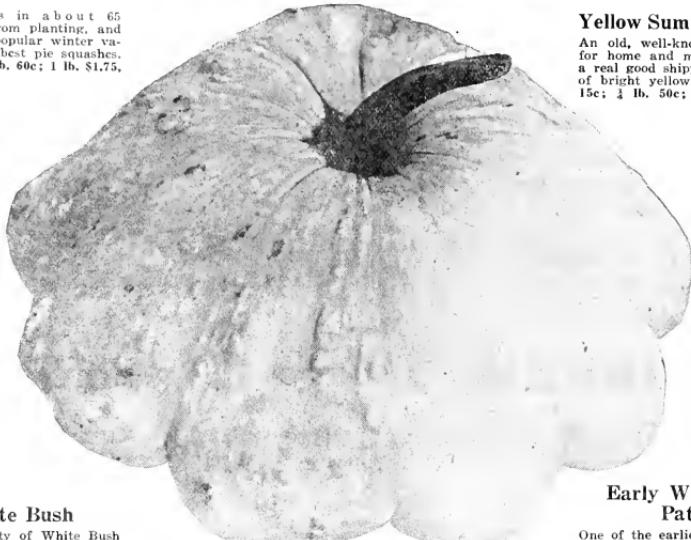
French Breakfast (30 days) An oblong, scarlet Radish, except at tip, which is pure white. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c; 5 lbs. \$4.00, postpaid.

Lady Fingers (30 days) An early maturing long white Radish; good for summer. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 90c, postpaid.

SQUASH

Hubbard Matures in about 65 days from planting, and is one of the most popular winter varieties. One of the best pie squashes. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 60c; 1 lb. \$1.75, postpaid.

You can help reduce the high cost of living by planting Jackson's seeds. Live more at home and stop buying vegetables. "Grow them yourself."



Mammoth White Bush

An extra large variety of White Bush Scalloped Squash, maturing about 5 to 10 days later than the Early Summer Crookneck. It is hardy, prolific, and of excellent quality. All home and market gardeners should plant seed of this variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Early White Bush or Patty Pan Squash

One of the earliest maturing varieties; very productive; skin and flesh a light cream color. An exceedingly popular variety with the market gardeners on account of its keeping qualities, which enables them to ship to distant markets. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Early White Bush or Patty Pan

Yellow Summer Crookneck
An old, well-known crookneck variety for home and market gardeners. It's a real good shipper. Fruits small and of bright yellow color. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.25, postpaid.

Wanted Hubbard

Very similar to the Hubbard; also little later maturing. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1 lb. 50c; 1 lb. \$1.75, postpaid.

BIG RED TOMATOES



McGee Tomato

McGee Originated in Texas; has stood the test in many ways and found to be O. K.; very productive, average size, and bright crimson color; solid and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Redfield Beauty A big, glossy crimson color Tomato. Fruits grow in clusters of 3 to 4 and are regular in shape and size. The skin is tough and flesh solid; a good shipper and a ready seller on the market. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Sparks' Earliana One of the earliest bright red Tomatoes in cultivation; fruits are borne in clusters of 5 to 6; all of them of average size; meat very solid; flavor extra fine. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Livingston's Perfection The skin is red and tough; fruits remarkably solid and smooth; of medium size and a good shipper. It is also an early variety and excellent for canning purposes. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Chalk's Early Jewel Not quite as Earliana, but has all the good qualities; a real heavy cropper; large size, bright scarlet color; flesh thick and of good flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Acme Perhaps the most popular variety in South Texas, account of growing and shipping qualities. It is smooth, uniform, medium size, very purple-fruited Tomato, and very prolific. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

TOMATOES = Continued

Dwarf Champion A dwarf variety, sometimes called the Tree Tomato on account of its upright growth and its ability to stand alone without propping. Fruits medium sized, smooth, uniform and of a purplish carmine color. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.50, postpaid.

June Pink An enormous bearer, often bearing clusters of 6 to 7 fruits of good size, smooth and attractive; an extra good early purplish pink Tomato. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Dwarf Stone A very prolific variety; fruits are smooth, ripens evenly and medium early; the color is bright red. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Ponderosa An extremely large, firm, fine-grained Tomato for home use. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.25, postpaid.

Yellow Pear A small Tomato, used for preserving. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Red Pear A small Tomato, used for preserving. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

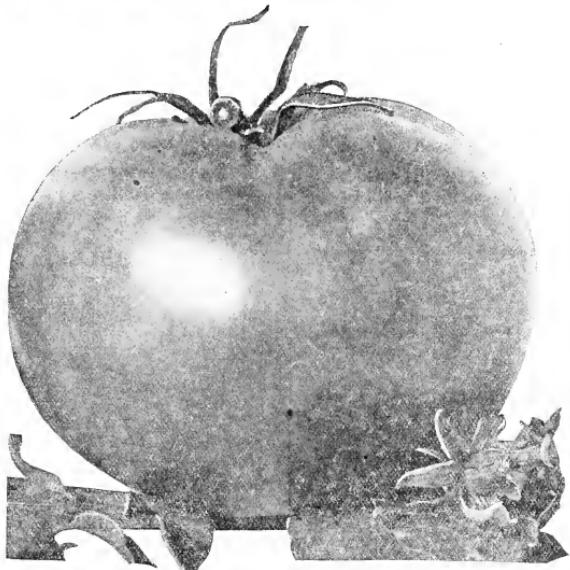
New Stone A large, smooth, solid, meaty Tomato, good for general purposes. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.

Red Rock An exceedingly firm-fleshed Tomato; extremely large size and ripens evenly without cracking. It is a very vigorous grower and produces an abundance of fine flavored fruits. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00, postpaid.



American Purple Top Rutabaga

Be Sure and Plant a Few of Jackson's Spring Turnip Seeds.



Redfield Beauty Tomato

TURNIPS

Early White Flat Dutch (Strap Leaf). An old stand-by and one of the most popular early varieties for Spring or Fall planting; of medium size and a quick grower; flesh and skin white; fine grained and sweet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 60c, postpaid.

Purple Top Globe A large globe-shaped variety, purple above ground; it is a handsome Turnip and of excellent quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 60c, postpaid.

Yellow or Amber Globe One of the best of the yellow Turnips for a general crop; it produces a globe-shaped root with smooth skin and light yellow flesh which is firm and sweet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 60c, postpaid.

Purple Top Strap Leaf This is a round, flat Turnip, white on the bottom and a redish purple above ground; a quick grower and is a fine table sort. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 60c, postpaid.

Seven Top The tops are used the same as Spinach, the root is of no value; however, the greens are extra fine. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 60c, postpaid.

White Globe Color pure white, shape round, size large; solid, quick in growth for a large Turnip. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 60c, postpaid.

American Purple Top Rutabaga This strain is of American origin, bred to a smaller top and short neck; the bulbs are of great size, yellow flesh and purple crown; one of the most desirable sorts. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 60c, postpaid.

FLOWER SEEDS

There are no more satisfactory flowers than those grown from seed, especially the easily grown and brilliant flowered annual. The beautiful shrubs and lilies, of course, have their place, but are far more expensive than a paper of seeds, which will furnish a large number of plants with usually enough for one's garden and some to spare.

Aim to have your garden one artistic unit, with some flowers in bloom at all seasons, with colors which harmonize, and with plants in size, grading from the dwarf borders, to the bedding annuals, and then to the taller plants, which usually should stand next to the house, or other confines of the garden or lawn. A garden carefully thought out and planned gives much more pleasure than a hap-hazard one.

ABUTILON

(Flowering Maple or Bell Flower)
MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

ADLUMIA

(Mountain Fringe Allegheny Vine)
(Mountain Fringe)
Allegheny Vine—Pkt. 10c.

ADONIS

(Pheasant's Eye)

Flowers Crimson, one foot high. Pkt. 10c.

AGERATUM

(Floss Flower)

One of the best summer blooming plants from seed. Very rapid; fine for bedding and bordering.
MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

ALYSSUM, SWEET

(Little Gem)

This is one of the finest annuals for edging. Very popular for its fragrant white flowers. Pkt. 10c.

AMARANTHUS

Brilliant foliage annuals. All are used in borders of tall plants, among shrubs, or centers of large beds.
TRICOLOR (Joseph's Coat)—2½ ft. Pkt. 10c.

CAUDATUS (Love Lies Bleeding)—3 ft Pkt. 10c.

CRUENTUS (Princess Feather)—3 ft Pkt. 10c.

AMPELOPSIS VEILCHI

(Boston Ivy)

A beautiful climber; it is entirely hardy; clings fast to stone, brick or wooden walls. Pkt. 10c.

ASPARAGUS

PLUMOSUS (Lace Fern)—Pkt. 10c.
SPRENGERI (Emerald Feather) — Pkt. 10c.

ANTIRRHINUM

(Snapdragon)

Tall, large flowers; long spikes make them well adapted for cut flowers.

QUEEN VICTORIA—White Shaded Cream. Pkt. 10c.

BUTTERFLY STRIPED—Pkt. 10c.
BRILLIANT—Crimson and yellow throat. Pkt. 10c.

TALL MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.
DWARF MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

ASTERS

Queen of the market. The best early Aster; usually in bloom two weeks before most other asters. Of graceful spreading habit.

CHIMNEY—Pkt. 10c.
DARK BLUE—Pkt. 10c.
ROSE—Pkt. 10c.
WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

LIGHT BLUE—Pkt. 10c.
MIXED, ALL COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

VICTORIA—Flowers are large; perfectly double. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.

ARISTOLOCHIA SIPHO

(Dutchman's Pipe)

A very showy climber; flowers of various colors. Pkt. 10c.

AQUILEGIA

(Columbine)

One of most beautiful hardy climbers.
CHOICE COLORS MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE BALSAM

(Lady Slipper)

An old favorite garden flower, producing beautiful brilliant masses of double flowers.

DOUBLE CAMELLIA—Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE ROSE—Pkt. 10c.

TALL MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DWARF MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

BELLIS PERENNIS

(Double Daisy)

Showy little plants for edging.

DOUBLE WHITE (Snowball) Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE ROSE (Longfellow) Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

CALENDULA

One of the best and showiest free blooming hardy annuals, blooming until killed by frost.

DOUBLE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

ESCHOLATZIA (California Poppy)

The Poppy-like flowers in pure shades of yellow, orange and crimson will bloom from early spring until frost. MIXED —Pkt. 10c.

CALLIOPSIS

Very graceful border plants of elegant, showy flowers; prized for bouquets and vases. Their bright colors are highly appreciated.

MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

CALLA

A well known plant of easy culture for winter bloom, and makes a handsome house or winter plant. White waxy flowers. Pkt. 10c.

CANARY BIRD FLOWER

A dainty vine with beautiful cut leaves and delicate flowers of a clear canary yellow. Pkt. 10c.

CANDYTUFT

Showy, branching plants for massing in flower beds, borders and edging; while for cutting the flowers are greatly prized.

LILAC—Pkt. 10c.

CARMINE—Pkt. 10c.

EMPEROR WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

CHOICE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

CANNA

These are usually produced from roots or started plants; a splendid lot of plants may be produced at a much reduced cost from seed.

MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

Asters

BALLOON VINE

A rapid growing annual climber; flowers white. Pkt. 10c. oz. 60c.

BARTONIA AUREA

Large golden yellow flowers; ornamental foliage. Pkt. 10c.

BEGONIA

Small plants of beautiful colored foliage. Pkt. 10c.

BALSAM APPLE

A very ornamental climber. Pkt. 10c. oz. 75c.

BALSAM PEAR

Like above, only fruit is pear shape. Pkt. 10c. oz. 75c.

CANTERBURY BELLS

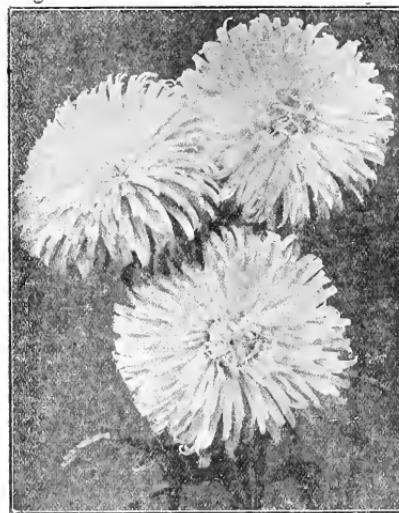
(Campanul)

Bell-shaped flowers, well known and most easily grown.

DOUBLE, MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

SINGLE, MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

SINGLE, BLUE—Pkt. 10c.



FLOWER SEEDS=Continued

CARDINAL CLIMBER

This glorious and absolutely distinct new climber is undoubtedly the greatest acquisition to the flower world in years. It is a strong and rapid grower, attaining a height of 25 feet, covered with a blaze of fiery cardinal red flowers. Pkt. 15c.

CARNATIONS

The Carnation has long been prized, being hardy, free flowering and easily grown. A favorite with everyone.

MARGUERITE—Double, Dark Red. Pkt. 10c.
MARGUERITE—Double, White. Pkt. 10c.
MARGUERITE—Double, Yellow. Pkt. 10c.
CHOICE DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

CENTAIVEA

(Bachelor's Button)

A hardy annual of easy culture; will always charm by its simple beauty.
SINGLE, BLUE—Pkt. 10c.
DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

Showy and effective family of plants of varied character; extensively grown for cut flowers.

DOUBLE, WHITE—Pkt. 10c.
DOUBLE, YELLOW—Pkt. 10c.
DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.
SINGLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

CLARKIA

Clarkias are popular summer annuals; all perfectly hardy, and can be grown with the utmost ease in ordinary soil.

DOUBLE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

CLEMATIS

An old favorite. There are few climbers that give more satisfaction.

CHOICE LARGE FLOWERING MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

COCKSCOMB

Very popular annuals of easy culture, producing large ornamental comb-like heads.

DWARF GIANT EMPRESS—Blood red comb, brown foliage. Pkt. 10c.

DWARF AUREA—Golden yellow combs. Pkt. 10c.

TALL COCKSCOMB—Choice mixed. Pkt. 10c.

FEATHERED COCKSCOMB—Beautiful shades. Pkt. 10c.

COBAEA SCANDENS

One of the handsomest and rapid growing climbers. Beautiful purple flowers. Pkt. 10c.

COLEUS

The handsomest foliage plant obtained from seed. Their color combinations are remarkably rich. Pkt. 15c.

COSMOS

This beautiful annual is one of the most showy of the annuals. It is a favorite.

EARLY BLOOMING, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

KLONDYKE—Beautiful yellow. Pkt. 10c.

GIANT FLOWERING—Pink. Pkt. 10c.

GIANT FLOWERING—White. Pkt. 10c.

GIANT FLOWERING—Crimson. Pkt. 10c.

CYPRESS VINE

For trailing upon a light ornamental trellis the Cypress Vine cannot be excelled.

SCARLET—Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

WHITE—Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

MIXED—Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

DAHLIA

Can be grown from seed and will bloom the first year. The seed germinate easily and can be transplanted.

FINEST DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

FINEST SINGLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

SHASTA DAISY

Gives a wonderful show of large white flowers: fine for cuttings. Pkt. 10c.

DEMOPHOTeca

(Aurantia)

Rare and very showy annual, having daisy-like flowers of a glossy salmon-orange shade, with black central rings. Pkt. 10c.

DIANTHUS (or Pinks)

A beautiful class of annuals of various colored flowers—single and double.
DOUBLE, CHINESE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.
IMPERIAL, DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.
HEDDWEIG, SINGLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.
DOUBLE JAPAN, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.
DOUBLE DIADEM, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

EUPHORBIA VARIEGATA

(Snow on the Mountain)

Distinct plant; very showy, with its foliage edged white and green. Pkt. 10c.



Carnation

FOUR O'CLOCK

(Marvel of Peru)

This is another of the old-fashioned flowers of the easiest culture.

TOM THUMB—All colors, mixed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c.

FOXGLOVE

(Digitalis)

A stately old garden favorite; brilliant colored flowers.

FINEST MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

GAILLARDIA

(Blanket Flower)

They will produce a continuous profusion of brilliantly colored flowers.

DOUBLE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

SINGLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

GERBERA JAMESONI

(Transvaal Daisy)

The flowers bear long graceful petals with small eyes. This strain comprises a great variety of pleasing shades. Pkt. 20c.

HELIOTROPE

Heliotrope is a universal favorite, on account of its delightful fragrance and duration of bloom.

MIXED, ALL COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

MY ASOTIS

(Forget-Me-Not)

They are considered among the best spring flowers, and grouped with Pansies and Daisies make the most lovely combinations.

ALPESTRIS—Blue with yellow eye. Pkt. 10c.
ROBUSTA—Bright blue. Pkt. 10c.
ROSEA—Pink. Pkt. 10c.
CHOICE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

GOMPHRENA

(Globe Amaranth)

A showy annual, everlasting, with clover-like heads.

MIXED, ALL COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

GERANIUM

These grow rapidly from seed the first year and produce blooming plants the first summer.

ZONALE, MIXED—Pkt. 25c.

GODETIA

An attractive hardy annual. The plants bloom profusely and bear showy flowers of many rich and varied colors.

TALL CHOICE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

GOLDEN ROD

American National Flower. Graceful arched sprays of golden yellow. Pkt. 10c.

GORARDS

These are desirable where immense vines are wanted quickly.

ORNAMENTAL MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

NEST EGG—Pkt. 10c.

SUGAR TROUGH—Pkt. 10c.

HERCULES CLUB—Pkt. 10c.

ORANGE (Mock Orange)—Pkt. 10c.

GREVILLEA ROBUSTA

(Silk Oak)

Very pretty, with long, drooping, silky, fern-like foliage. Pkt. 10c.

GYPSOPHILA

Graceful plants of light, fairy-like growth; much in demand for cutting.

ELEGANS (Angel's Breath)—Pure White Pkt. 10c.

MURALIS—Rose Pink. Pkt. 10c.

ELEGANS MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

EVENING GLORY

(Bona Nox)

Beautiful, rapid annual climber. Pkt. 10c.

HELIANTHUS

(Sunflower)

This comprises plants of majestic growth and showy flowers.

GBOBOSIS FISTULOSUS—6 ft., Double Globe of Dahlia in flower. Pkt. 10c.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERING—6 ft. Double golden yellow. Pkt. 10c.

NANUS FLORE PLENO—3 ft. Double dwarf yellow. Pkt. 10c.

GLOXINIA

Magnificent blooming plants, with handsome bell-shaped flowers. Richest of colors mixed. Pkt. 25c.

HOLLYHOCK

These annuals bloom the first year. Very showy and a fine background.

SINGLE, ANNUAL, EVERBLOOMING, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE, ANNUAL, EVERBLOOMING, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

PERENNIAL, DOUBLE, WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

PERENNIAL, DOUBLE, BLACK—Pkt. 10c.

PERENNIAL, DOUBLE, SCARLET—Pkt. 10c.

PERENNIAL, CHOICE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

FLOWER SEEDS=Continued

HYACINTH BEAN

A rapid growing annual climber; flowers freely, followed by ornamental seed pods; sweet scented.

PRINCESS HELEN—Snow white. Pkt. 10c.
oz. 60c.

COCCEINEA—Red. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c.

MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c.

JAPANESE HOP

Rapid summer climber; the foliage is luxuriant, making a dense covering. Pkt. 10c.

JAPANESE KUDZU VINE

Flourishes where nothing else will grow. The large bold leaves of the brightest green afford a dense shade. Its greatest feature is its wonderful growth. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

JOB'S TEARS

The seed is used as an old-fashioned remedy for sore throat. It is strung as beads and worn around the neck. Pkt. 10c.

LANTANA

Shrubby plants with Verbena-like flowers in shades of white, red and yellow; may be grown in pots or set out in summer.

MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

LARKSPUR

(Delphinium)

These handsome Larkspur are very effective in borders, and planted amongst shrubs. The graceful spikes of bloom are much valued for vases. Annuals.

DWARF RACKET MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

TALL RACKET MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

BLUE DOUBLE—Pkt. 10c.

PERENNIAL CHOICE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

PINK—Pkt. 10c.

LAVATIRA

(Tree Mallow)

A showy annual. The plants are covered during the entire summer with blooms.

SPLENDENS ALBA—Pure White.

Pkt. 10c.

TRIMESTRIS—Pink. Pkt. 10c.

LAVENDER

(Lavandula, Vera)

A much prized, highly perfumed border plant. Pkt. 10c.

LOBELIA

This charming class forms compact little bushes about 6 inches high, and are fairly sheeted with bloom throughout the season.

EMPEROR WILLIAM—Blue with green fringe. Pkt. 10c.

QUEEN (White Lady)—Pure white flowers. Pkt. 10c.

OUR CHOICE MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

LINUM

(Crimson Flax)

One of the most brilliantly colored of summer annuals. Pkt. 10c.

LIPINUS (or Lupins)

Free flowering, easily grown annual, with long spikes of rich and various colored flowers.

TALL ANNUAL, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DWARF ANNUAL, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DARK BLUE—Pkt. 10c.

MARIGOLD

In the late summer, when many bedding plants are past their prime, Marigolds afford a wealth of color that is simply invaluable.

AFRICAN DWARF DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

FRENCH DWARF, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE, TALL, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

MATRICARIA

Small, double, white flowers; well adapted for bedding and cutting.

CAPENSIS ALBA PLENA—Pkt. 10c.

ICE PLANT

(Mesembryanthemum Crystallenum)

Foliage very ornamental, being covered with ice-like globules, and prized for garnishing. Pkt. 10c.

MEXICAN FIRE BUSH

(Kochia Tricophylla)

This beautiful annual bush has a pleasing light green color. In early fall the whole bush becomes a blood red. Pkt. 10c.

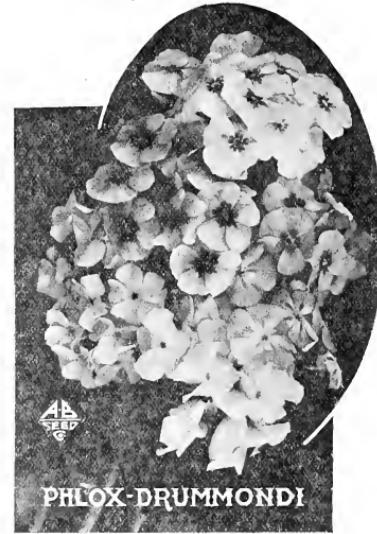
MIGNONETTE

No garden is complete without this fragrant plant.

LARGE FLOWERING—Pkt. 10c.

MINA-LOBATA

A climber of luxuriant growth, with tubular flowers, changing through orange-yellow to creamy white. Pkt. 10c.



PHLOX-DRUMMONDI

MIMOSA PUDICA

(Sensitive Plant)

Curious and interesting. Pinkish-white flowers. The leaves close and droop when touched or shaken. Pkt. 10c.

MOON FLOWER

(Ipomoea Grandiflora Alba)

Beautiful, rapid annual climber; foliage very dense; large white flowers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

MORNING GLORY

(Convolvulus Major)

The Morning Glory is too well known to need a description.

BLOOD RED—Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

BRAZILIAN SETASA—Blue. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

OUR CHOICE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

IMPERIAL JAPANESE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c.

SCABIOSA

(Morning Bride)

A very attractive old-fashioned flower. The flower stems are long and the blossoms keep well in water.

DOUBLE, TALL, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

MUSK PLANT

(Mimulus Moschatus)

Musky-scented leaves; tiny yellow flowers. Pkt. 10c.

TIGRINUS

(Monkey Flower)

Large flowers, handsomely blotched and striped. Pkt. 10c.

NEMOPHILA

(Love Grove)

Hardest of annuals, and of the easiest culture; makes a very effective front row to a border.

MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

INSIGNIS—Blue. Pkt. 10c.

NICOTIANA

(Sweet Scented Tobacco Plant)

AFFINIS HYBRIDA—All shades. Pkt. 10c.

NASTURTIUM

There is no plant that, in so short a time and at so little expense, will give such an abundance of bloom, and give such variety and brilliancy of color as the Nasturtium. TALL OR CLIMBING, MIXED—Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.

DWARF (For bedding or edging) MIXED—Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c.

NIGELLA

(Love in the Mist)

A curious plant about one foot high, with finely cut leaves and single flowers. FINE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DAMASCENA—Double, blue. Pkt. 10c.

ONETHOERA

(Evening Primrose)

Neat plants, with large saucer-shaped flowers. White or golden yellow. Open at dusk.

MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

OXALIS

An excellent little plant for edging or pots; blooms all summer.

ROSE—Pkt. 10c.

WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

PASSION FLOWER

An airy and graceful annual grass. Beautiful to mix with cut flowers. Pkt. 10c.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI

In its great variety of rich colors, probably the most brilliant of all annuals. Fine for bedding, making a dazzling show throughout the entire season.

WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

BRILLIANT SCARLET—Pkt. 10c.

SPLENDENS (bright red)—Pkt. 10c.

YELLOW—Pkt. 10c.

STARRED AND FRINGED—Pkt. 10c.

FINEST MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

PERENNIAL HARDY—Pkt. 10c.

PANSIES

The dainty, upturned face of the Pansy makes an appeal to us all. This embraces the best strains of Pansy.

TRIMARDEAU GIANT MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

YELLOW, WITH DARK CENTER—Pkt. 10c.

KING OF THE BLACKS—Pkt. 10c.

AZURE BLUE—Pkt. 10c.

WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

FLOWER SEEDS=Continued

AGROSTIS NEBULOSA

(Cloud Grass)

A beautiful vine, with rich green foliage and blue and white flowers. Pkt. 10c.

PEONY

Peonies are probably the most valuable and most beloved of all perennial plants. Dark green foliage and double flowers.

DOUBLE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

PETUNIA

For outdoor decoration or house culture few plants are equal to this class. They commence to bloom early and continue to flower through the summer.

LARGE FLOWERING, FINE MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

PURE WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

DEEP CRIMSON—Pkt. 10c.

CARMINE ROSE—Pkt. 10c.

GENERAL DODDS (Dark Red)—Pkt. 10c.

STRIPED AND BLOTTCHED—Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE, LARGE FLOWERING—Pkt. 25c.

PURPLE—Pkt. 10c.

POPPY

Showy, large, brilliant-colored flowers, growing easily in any garden soil.

SHIRLEY, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

TULIP BRIDE—Single, pure white. Pkt. 10c.

SPLENDENS—Single, rose. Pkt. 10c.

MIKADO (Double Japanese)—Pkt. 10c.

CARNATION FLOWERED—Double, mixed.

Pkt. 10c.

ORIENTAL—Hardy perennial. Pkt. 10c.

ICELAND—Hardy perennial. Mixed, Pkt. 10c.

PORTULACCA

(Moss Rose)

SINGLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

PRIMULA

This is one of the most charming winter flowering house plants.

FINE MIXED—Pkt. 15c.

PYRETHRUM

(Golden Feather)

One of the best plants for edging. Grown for its beautiful yellow foliage. Pkt. 10c.

RICINUS (Castor Bean)

(Zanzibariensis)

This magnificent foliage plant is picturesquely showy and imposing, with very ornamental foliage. Each plant makes a perfect pyramid of foliage, thickly set from top to bottom. Moles are troublesome in many gardens, but they may be kept away by planting Castor Oil Beans in the borders. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.

SALPIGLOSSIS

Undoubtedly one of the most attractive annuals, and should be in every garden.

EXTRA CHOICE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

SALVIA SPLENDENS

(Scarlet Sage)

The Salvia is a standard bedding plant that keeps the garden bright with color until late fall. Pkt. 10c.

STOCKS

Half-hardy annuals, producing splendid spikes of very rich and beautiful flowers.

WHITE PERPETUAL—Pkt. 10c.

PINKY LARGE FLOWERING, CHOICE

MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

SWEET SULTAN

An old-fashioned hardy annual. Blue or purple flowers. Pkt. 10c.



"Spencer Sweet Peas"

SWEET PEAS

In order to have good vines, dig a trench four inches deep, plant the seed and cover about two inches. When the plants are about two inches high, start to cultivate.

SPENCER'S CHOICE MIXED—Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

SPENCER'S, in separate colors of purple, pink, lavender, red, white—Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

SWEET WILLIAM

Well known, beautiful hardy perennial.

SINGLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

TORENIA

Bushy plants, covered with lovely, rich-colored flowers. Excellent for beds, pots or hanging baskets. Pkt. 10c.

THUNBERGIA

(Black-Eyed Susan)

Beautiful trailing plants for hanging baskets, as well as fences and verandas. Pkt. 10c.

VIOLA

(Tufted Pansy)

Flowers all summer from seed sown in early spring. Are valuable for edging beds and borders.

MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

BLUE—Pkt. 10c.

VERBENA

Verbena is one of the most popular garden annuals. Our selection embraces all that is choice and desirable in the species.

MAMMOTH ROSE—Pkt. 10c.

MAMMOTH MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

MAMMOTH WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

MAMMOTH PURPLE—Pkt. 10c.

MAMMOTH YELLOW—Pkt. 10c.

MAMMOTH STRIPED—Pkt. 10c.

MAMMOTH SCARLET—Pkt. 10c.

VINCI

(Periwinkle)

Ornamental free-blooming plants with lavel-like foliage and handsome pink and white flowers.

PURE WHITE—Pkt. 10c.

ROSE ALBA—White with crimson eye. Pkt. 10c.

ROSEA—Rose with crimson eye. Pkt. 10c.

MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

PINK—Pkt. 10c.

WALLFLOWER

Well known half-hardy perennials; are easily grown and last long as cut flowers.

SINGLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE, MIXED—Pkt. 10c.

WILD CUCUMBER

(Echinocystis Lobata)

This is the quickest growing climber on our list. Fragrant white flowers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c.

WISTERIA

A very popular hardy climber. Long clusters of purple flowers. Pkt. 10c.

XERANTHEMUM

(Everlasting Flower)

Bright and pretty, with silvery foliage and silky flowers in pink, white and purple. Pkt. 10c.

GIANT ZINNIA

The most wonderful of all Zinnias. This flower often measures six inches in diameter.

CRIMSON—Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.50.

YELLOW—Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.50.

PURPLE—Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.50.

SCARLET—Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.50.

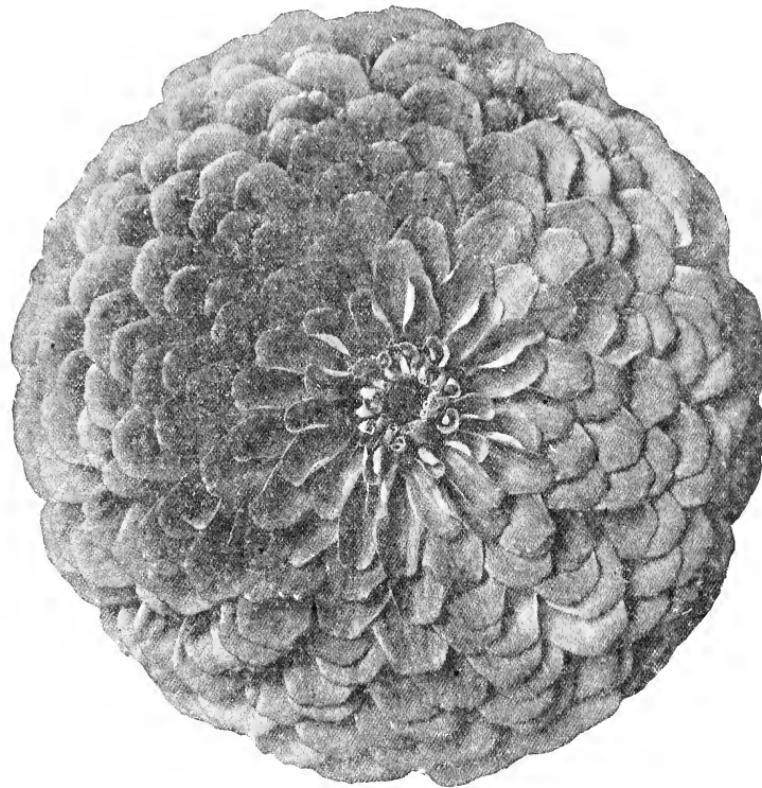
WHITE—Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.50.

MIXED—Pkt. 10c; oz. \$1.50.

DO NOT PLANT FLOWER SEEDS TOO DEEP

GIANT ZINNIA

This remarkable Zinnia is in a class by itself. Undoubtedly the most beautiful of all Zinnias. Our stocks of this seed were grown in California, the home of pretty flowers, and when this one is in full bloom it often measures six inches in diameter.



Giant Zinnias

About four years ago we became interested in the improvements that had been made on the old type of Zinnias by Jno. Bodger & Sons of Los Angeles, Calif., and we secured some of the seed and offered them to our customers and the results they had in raising such wonderful flowers convinced us that this was the only Zinnia for this section and since that time we have pushed them and every one that plants a pretty flower garden has had some of our GIANT ZINNIAS. The plant is very hardy and grows from 2 to 4 feet high and withstands our summer here in South Texas better than any flower that we know of. Do not plant until the ground is warm and all danger of frost is over, as the seed will not germinate in the cold ground. The flowers are very large and beautiful in many shades and colors and no garden should be without some of our Giant Zinnias to help beautify the home.

Crimson, Dark Red	Pckt. 10c; Oz. \$1.50, Postpaid
Scarlet, Bright Red	" " " " "
Purple Shades	" " " " "
Yellow Shades	" " " " "
Pink	" " " " "
White	" " " " "
Mixed Colors	" " " " "

Nursery Department

SHRUBS

ALTHEA (ROSE OF SHARON) JOAN OF ARC—Double pure white, large rose-like flowers; produced all summer in profusion, 2 ft., 35c each.

CRATAEGUS CRENLULATA AND YUNNANENSIS—New showy evergreen shrub from China, covered in fall and winter with showy clusters of berries; 2½-inch pots, 25c each. CREPE MYRTLE—Strong plants, mostly pink, 1 to 2 ft., 35c; 3 to 4 ft., \$1.00. White in \$1.00 size only.

FEJOA SELLOWIANA (PINEAPPLE GUAVA)—Beautiful hardy evergreen shrub, large showy white flowers with red stamens, valuable fruit for jelly or preserves, 2½-inch pots, 35c each.

GARDENIA (CAPE JASMINE)—1 foot bushy, 50c each.

JASMINE PRIMULINUM (CHINESE YELLOW JASMINE)—3 ft. pots, 35c each.
Day Blooming, 25c each.
Night Blooming, 35c each.

LIGustrum CHINENSIS—Evergreen, best of all hedge plants; known as Amur River Privet, 1 to 2 ft., 10c; \$1.00 dozen; \$6.00 per 100; 2 to 3 ft. 25c; \$2.00 dozen; \$16.00 per 100. Japonica, 1 to 2 ft. 35c; \$3.00 dozen; 2 to 3 ft. 60c; 6.00 dozen.

ANTIGONON LEPTOPUS—Coral Vine, Queen Crown, Alamo Vine, Rosa de Montana, etc., showy pink flowers, field grown, 1 year, blooming size, 25c each; 6 for \$1.00.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA—2 year, 2½-inch pots, 35c each.

LIGustrum—

Nepalensis or Compact Wax, large, very dark glossy green foliage, large panicles of white flowers in spring, 1 to 1½ ft., well branched, 1.00 each.
Ovalifolium, 1 to 2 ft., 25c each.

NERIUM (OLEANDER)—Single mixed colors, single white and double pink, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00 each.

OLEA FRAGRANS (SWEET OLIVE)—3-inch pots, 35c each.
PITTOSPORUM TOBIRA—Large stock, fine plants, 2½-inch pots, 35c each; 3-inch pots, 50c each; 4-inch pots, \$1.00.

PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS—Pot grown, 35c each.

POINSETTIAS—Pot grown, 50c each.

POMEGRANATE (PUNICAS)—Double white flowers, the most hardy, and double red and variegated mixed, 2 to 3 ft., 50c each. Fruit bearing, large variety, 2 to 3 ft., bushy, 50c each. Dwarf Japanese, very ornamental, 1 to 2 ft., 75c each.

TAMARIX, SALT CEDAR—Assorted varieties, 50c each.

VITEX AGENUS CASTUS—1 year seedlings, 25c each; Incisa, 1 year seedlings, 25c each.

VINES

SABAL TEXANA—Southern Texas and Mexico, 4-inch pots, extra strong plants, \$1.00 each.

SAGO (CYCAS REVOLUTA)—3-inch pots, 35c each.

CONFEDERATE JASMINE (RHINOSPERMUM JASMINOIDES)—2½-inch pots, 35c each.

LONICERA HALLIANA—White sweet scented honeysuckle, 35c each.

PALMS

LATANIA BORBONICA—Chinese Fan Palm, 4 to 5-inch pots, \$1.00 each.

PHOENIX CANARIENSIS—Date Palm, 3-inch pots, 50c each.

SABAL TEXANA—Southern Texas and Mexico, 4-inch pots, extra strong plants, \$1.00 each.

SAGO (CYCAS REVOLUTA)—3-inch pots, 35c each.

Coniferous Evergreens

ARBOR VITAE—1 ft., 50c each; 2 ft. \$1.00 each.

ROSEDALE HYBRID—Fine specimens, 1 to 1½ ft., \$1.00 each.

ITALIAN CYPRESS—Upright form, 1 to 2 ft., \$1.00 each.
Horizontalis Type, 1½ to 2 ft., \$1.00 each.

JUNIPERUS SCOPULORUM, ROCKY MOUNTAIN BLUE CEDAR—10 to 12 inches, 75c each.

Virginia Platte River Type, 6 to 8 inches, 50c each.

Virginia Southern type, very fine, 2 to 3 ft., \$1.00 each.

Fruit Trees, etc.

PEACHES—Elberta, Mamie Ross and other best varieties, 2 to 3 ft., 50c each; \$5.00 dozen.

PEARS—Keiffer, Garber, LeConte, 3 to 4 ft., 75c each; \$7.50 dozen.

PLUMS—Excelsior, Gonzales, Happiness, etc., 3 to 4 ft., 75c each; \$7.50 dozen.

GRAPES—Niagara, best large white, 35c each; \$3.50 dozen. R. W. Munson, best large, black, new, 50c each; \$5.00 dozen.

PAPER SHELL PECANS—Schley, Stuart, Moneymaker, Delmas, best budded varieties, 1 to 2 ft. \$1.00 each.
(Small pecan trees transplant most successfully and often bear sooner than larger trees.)

HEDGE PLANTS—See same among Shrubs.

Prices include packing and postage on small plants, shrubs and vines, but large trees or shrubs and heavy shipments will be sent by express, with express charges to be paid by the purchaser. Certificate of Inspection will accompany all shipments.

FIELD SEEDS

WE DO NOT PAY FREIGHT OR EXPRESS ON FIELD SEEDS

Alfalfa or Lucerne Sow broadcast from 25 to 30 pounds per acre. The acreage devoted to Alfalfa is increasing very rapidly all through the Southern and Middle States, as wherever it succeeds it proves very convincingly its value as one of the most profitable crops that can be grown on the farm. Alfalfa will do well on any good loamy soil, but the land must be well and thoroughly prepared and contain plenty of vegetable matter, or be well enriched by the liberal application of well-rotted stable manure. 1 lb. 35c, postpaid. Write for prices in larger quantities.

Hairy Peruvian This is a new type of Alfalfa that seems to be gaining general recognition throughout the West. It is claimed to be the best dry cold weather better than common Alfalfa, and grows through a longer season of the year, because it grows more in the winter, starts vigorous growth earlier in the spring, and continues to grow later in the fall. The great favor shown Peruvian Alfalfa in the extreme West should encourage our farmers to give it a good liberal trial. 1 lb. 30c, postpaid. Send for quantity prices.

CLOVERS

WRITE FOR PRICES ON CLOVERS IN LARGE QUANTITIES

Burr Clover (Re-cleaned). A very valuable grazing crop; growing all through the winter. After being once seeded, it reseeds itself and improves in growth each year. When sown with Bermuda Grass it makes a splendid all-year pasture. Use 15 pounds to the acre. 1 lb. 45c, postpaid.

Japan Clover (*Lepidium Sativum*). This is a low growing annual leguminous plant; enriches the soil, thrives under conditions that no other clover or grasses will, and is of great value for pasturage during the latter part of the summer, when other things have died out. Unless cut late or heavily pastured it will reseed itself. On rich bottom land it grows tall enough to be cut for hay, and is valuable for this purpose, although its chief mission would seem to be the furnishing of a summer and early fall pasture. Sow 20 to 25 pounds to the acre, either in fall or spring of year, with grain or grasses. 1 lb. 30c, postpaid.

White Blossom Sweet Clover A very important hay and if cut when young, beginning of flowering season, produces hay equal to Alfalfa. Can plant both in spring and fall. 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Red Clover Fine as cattle feed and good hay. A very rapid grower and a good soil renovator. 1 lb. 75c, postpaid.

Crimson Clover Sow in the fall; the quickest grower of all Clovers. 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

White Dutch Clover A dwarf low-growing variety, usually planted with Bermuda Grass. 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid.

SEED CORN

Texas Giant White (Red Cob). This is a really wonderful Corn, maturing in about 110 days. A splendid yielder; grain is very large, being deep, wide and thick; stalks medium size, with plenty of fodder. Fine for your standard crop. 1 quart, 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Texas Giant Yellow In this variety we offer something extra choice; grains are very deep and uniform in size; cob small; ears usually run from 10 to 12 inches; a good yielder, maturing in about 120 days. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Texas Tuxpan Ask any Brazos Bottom farmer the kind of corn he plants and he will tell you "Tuxpan." This is really a wonderful corn for Texas, and especially for Southwest Texas. It originated in Mexico, therefore will stand a great deal of dry weather. Grains are white, very hard and with a flint cast; a good weevil resister; a good yielder, but slow in maturing. 1 quart, 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Oklahoma White Wonder This is a large white Corn from Oklahoma that has proven a great success in Texas. A heavy yielder and in maturing. A fine variety for your standard crop. 1 quart, 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Squaw A very peculiar colored Corn; some ears are red, blue and speckled white; a very heavy yielder; good for planting and fine for ensilage. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Yellow Dent A quick growing, red cob variety. For a quick early crop, we recommend this variety. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Northern Grown White Pearl A small white variety, which matures very quickly; fine for roasting ears and early feed. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Write for quantity prices.

Bloody Butcher A beautiful large grain Red Cob; a heavy yielder, ears measuring 10 to 12 inches. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Write for quantity prices.

Strawberry A calico colored corn; very popular variety in some sections. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Hickory King A very prolific White Dent Corn; grains are broad and thick; cob is very small; highly recommended for prairie lands. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Northern Grown Silver Mine A very early large yielder; very desirable for a crop of corn for early feed. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

June Corn Originated in Mexico and has proven to be one of the best Corns that can be planted for a standard crop for late planting. A heavy yielder of medium size, white ears. Withstands drought well, and is a good weevil resister. 1 quart 30c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

FIELD BEANS

Velvet Beans The leader of forage crops. Sow 15 pounds to the acre. The popularity of this bean has increased to such an enormous extent that it is now being generally grown throughout the entire South. It makes a larger growth than any other known forage plant in the same length of time, far surpassing the cowpeas in yield. The great possibilities of it being a land improver, and for producing a good crop of forage, seem almost unlimited. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Early Speckled A very early variety and the most popular... Write for prices when ready to buy.

Osceola The latest improved Velvet Bean; very large pods, nearly flat. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Soy or Soja Beans 20 pounds for an acre. Soja Beans originated in Japan, and have been planted in this country for a number of years, and each year find them gaining in popularity. Being legumes, they are very helpful to the soil. The United States Department of Agriculture has experimented with the bean for food value and reports show they are very desirable for human food. We recommend for our great Southwest the Mammoth Yellow Sojas. Write for prices when ready to buy.

"JACKSON'S SEEDS GROW BETTER"

COW and FIELD PEAS

Whippoorwill A brown speckled Pea; bushy in growth, very early. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Large Black Eyes Dried Peas find a ready market. Price: 1 lb. 25c, postpaid. Ask for prices in larger quantities.

Clay Peas This variety is fine for enriching the soil and furnish large crops of foliage. Write for our prices when ready to buy.

Cream Peas Sometimes called Lady Peas. A cream colored Tahle Pea that has no equal. Write for prices when ready to buy.

HIGH GRADE COTTON SEED FOR PLANTING

Rowden Big Boll Storm-Proof It is mostly a five- to 48 holls to the pound of seed cotton. Bolls are large and pointed. Percentage of lint is from 39 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 40 per cent. has staple equal to any of the big boll varieties, and has an exceptionally fine drought-resisting quality, with long tap root, large stalk, and under ideal conditions has yielded from 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ hales to the acre. We recommend this variety in every way for general planting, assuring our customers of its sterling worth. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Mebane Triumph Big Boll Our Triumph Seed has proven itself by planters everywhere in the Southwest to be the earliest of any of the big boll varieties, therefore valuable in the holl weevil sections;

highly drought resisting on account of its long, deep-rooted stalk, and storm proof. It yields over 40 per cent lint to the 100 pounds of seed cotton, requiring only from 1300 to 1500 pounds of seed cotton to make from 500 to 600 pound hale, and 40 holls will make a pound of seed cotton. This variety is remarkably free from aethraucose. Ask for prices.

Lone Star This strain is gaining popularity each year. The plant is of medium height, one to four limbs, with many long branches. The staple is from 1 to 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches; holls are larger, usually 35 to 45 to the pound, producing 38 to 40 per cent lint. Very early in maturing. Our stocks are very limited in this fine strain. Write for prices when ready to buy.

GRASS SEEDS for the GREAT SOUTHWEST

Rhodes Grass A new, wonderful Grass—hay equal to Timothy—is a native of South Africa; is now past the experimental stages in this country. Rhodes Grass grows dense as well as tall so the stems are not large, and the hay is not coarse. Grows rapidly and is hardy in the very hottest. In planting, use about 6 pounds to the acre, and be careful not to plant seed deep, as the seed are of a chaffy nature and will not come up if planted deep. Be sure and plant an acre and you will be a "Booster" for this great feed. 1 lb. 70c, postpaid. Write for prices in larger quantities.

Sudan Grass Six pounds in drills, 20 pounds broadcast, to the acre. A fine heavy yielding grass; drought resister; grows successfully everywhere in the Southwest; all kinds of stock eat it greedily. 1 lb. 25c, postpaid. Write for prices in larger quantities.

Johnson Grass Seed A very valuable hay and forage crop. 1 lb. 30c, postpaid. Write for prices in large quantities.

Bermuda Grass A Southern grass that thrives in sun-shine and warmth; very valuable for pasturage; and for lawns it has not equal. 1 lb. \$1.00, postpaid. Write for prices in larger quantities.

English Rye A valuable grass for lawns and pastures. 1 lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.75, postpaid.

Orchard Grass Also used for both lawns and pastures. 1 lb. 60c, postpaid.

Natal Grass This splendid new pasture and hay grass was introduced to our customers by us several years ago. This grass will not freeze out unless the temperature gets down to as low as 15 degrees above zero. It is, therefore, a permanent hay and pasture meadow unless killed by severe freezes. Natal Grass has not been tried as extensively as Rhodes Grass, but it has just as good a record. The best point about Natal Grass is that it thrives on the poorest soil. The first crop is ready for harvest 60 to 70 days from the planting of the seed. It should be cut 400 hundredweight at the rate of 5 to 7 pounds to the acre. Natal Grass is not a pest and can be easily eradicated. Account of the exceedingly light weight of Natal Grass seed, it never germinates over 40 to 50 per cent. We know of one man in Florida who is planting 500 acres in Natal Grass. The fact that Natal Grass is a pasture and the hay grass makes it so valuable, as this combination is seldom found. 1 lb. 60c, 5 lbs. \$2.50, postpaid.

Rescue Grass Finest grass for winter pasture in the South. It grows best on a rich, loamy soil, and will do well in somewhat shady locations. To secure the most satisfactory results, the land should be well plowed and the seed harrowed in, using from 30 to 40 pounds per acre. Write for prices.

SUGAR CANE—SACCHARINE SORGHUM For Making Syrup and for Forage

Honey Drip or Japanese Variety It grows 10 to 12 feet high and is very prolific, sometimes producing five to seven stalks from one seed. Matures about the middle of August to October, owing to time of planting, will keep green and stand, if desired, until killed by frost, allowing the farmer to take his own time to harvest for syrup. As a syrup producer it has no equal, being exceedingly juicy and sweet, making from 200 to 400 gallons per acre, highly flavored. As a feed crop it is the best a farmer can grow, as it is one of the most abundant of sugar producing crops, two to three crops per season. One great advantage over some other varieties is that the season is too dry for more than one crop to be raised; this first growth will not mature and fall down, but will stand until frost, retaining its soft, nutritious qualities. It has a large, open head, with bright red seed, and if allowed to stand until late fall each stalk will produce seven

to eight heads, free from smut. For syrup, sow 10 pounds per acre. Price: 1 lb. 20c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices.

Early Amber The earliest type in cultivation. Black hulled. Stalks tall and slim. Most suitable for hay, as it matures very quickly. Makes syrup of excellent quality. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Orange This is also an old and popular variety for both syrup and forage. Usually matures 10 to 14 days later than Amher. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Red-Top African or Sumac Cane Grown very extensively in the Panhandle of Texas. Seed is much smaller than that of Orange or Amher. Very sweet and one of the best for hay. Write for prices.

PEANUTS

Spanish We have extra nice stocks. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Jumbo A large Peanut; good yielder. 1 lb. 35c, postpaid. Ask for quantity prices when ready to buy.

NON-SACCHARINE SORGHUM

MONEY-SAVING CROPS FOR THE SOUTHWEST

There should be more Kaffir Corn, Milo Maize, etc., planted in the Southwest every year. The feed item on your farm is no doubt one of your most serious problems, and from experience you realize that if you buy it makes a big hole in your bank account. GROW YOUR OWN FEED, irrespective of the price of cotton. Forage crops should have one of the most important places on your farm during 1922.

Teonsite A very large forage plant, largely used while in a green state. The plant grows 10 to 15 feet high. The cultivation is the same as for sorghum, though it requires less seed for planting. One acre yields 50 bushels of forage. The forage is rich and tender and is greedily eaten by horses, cattle and sheep. Sow during March and April in drills. The seed requires 14 to 20 days to germinate. For green fodder it may be cut three to four times a year, but then it should not be allowed to grow taller than three to four feet. Two pounds to the acre. 1 lb. \$1.00; 2 lbs. \$1.75, postpaid.

Egyptian Wheat or Shallu This is a great species of grain; one of the surest crops you can grow; can be planted from March to the middle of August. Some of the best crops have been made from same planted in August. The plant grows from 5 to 7 feet, and produces an abundance of fodder, and the heads are unsurpassed for chicken feed; hens lay more when fed Egyptian Wheat than any other grain. Use 10 pounds to the acre in drills. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Dwarf Milo Maize A good dry weather crop; very heavy yielder. Ask for prices.

White Kaffir Corn Fine for fodder; grows 4 to 5 feet high... Ask for prices.

Feterita Similar to Kaffir Corn; grows about 5 feet high; heads are larger than Kaffir and much better yields. Ask for prices when ready to buy.

Millet

Big Liberty Formerly called Big German Millet; the best variety of Millet grown today; makes plenty of hay and very easy to grow. Write for prices when ready to buy.

Oats

Rust-Proof Seed We highly recommend planting of Oats in the fall for forage. An early spring crop can be successfully grown. Ask for prices.

Dwarf Essex Rape

Dwarf Essex Rape is almost a garden vegetable. It is close kin to cabbage and collards, and also has a family resemblance to the rutabaga, so far as growth and top goes. For spring, fall or winter planting, for quick green forage or grazing for hogs, poultry, etc., there is nothing equal to Dwarf Essex Rape. The tops look like rutabaga and growth is similar but larger. Requires 8 to 10 pounds of seed per acre broadcast. If you have ever planted this seed we feel sure you will again. If you have never tried it, let us urge you to plant Dwarf Essex Rape this spring. 1 lb. 30c; 10 lbs. \$2.25, postpaid.

Broom Corn

Improved Evergreen Grows 8 to 10 feet tall; very straight. Write for prices.

Dwarf Grows 4 to 5 feet high; makes fine straw. Write for prices.

Bird Supplies

We are the largest handlers of Bird Supplies in the Southwest. If you are in need of any item we have not listed, drop us a card.

"Quality Brand" Mixed Bird Seed—All re-cleaned—1 lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 55c, postpaid; 5 lbs. not postpaid \$1.00.

Re-cleaned Hemp, 1 lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 55c, postpaid.

Re-cleaned Bird Millet, 1 lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 50c, postpaid.

Re-cleaned Flax Seed, 1 lb. 35c, postpaid.

Re-cleaned Bird Rape, 1 lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 55c, postpaid.

Re-cleaned Sicily or Plain Bird Seed, 1 lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 55c, postpaid; 5 lbs not postpaid \$1.00.

Postpaid.

Bird Bitters, per bottle	\$.42
Mite Powder, per box	.35
Mocking Bird Food, per bottle	.60
Sparrow Restorer, per bottle	.42
Bird Medicine, per box	.23
Moultine Pepper, per box	.25
Nesting Hair, per box	.15
Orange Color, per box	.40
Nestling Food, per box	.45
Mexican Salive, per box	.36
Bird Duster (for Mite Powder), per box	.35
Fish Food, per box	.15
Red Sander, per box	.25
Silver Sand, per box	.25

Re-cleaned Sunflower Seed, for Parrots, 1 lb. 30c; 2 lbs. 55c, postpaid; 5 lbs. not postpaid \$1.00.

Cultural Directions

BUSH BEANS

Plant from end of January, and for succession, every two weeks until May. Beans planted in this latitude during June and July will not produce much. August and September are good months in which to plant again. Beans do not require heavy manuring; in fact, if the soil is fairly good it is better to use a good fertilizer well mixed in the furrow with the soil before the Beans are planted. Plant in rows two feet apart and about four inches between the Beans, covering the seed about two inches deep. Cultivate often up to the time of blooming.

POLE BEANS

They succeed best in sandy loam, which should be liberally enriched with short manure in the hills. Plant in rows three to four feet apart, about five seed in each hill, and cover two inches deep. Rough reeds or any kind of rough stick about seven feet high should be used for beans to climb on.

BEETS

The ground for Beets should be rich and well spaded or plowed. In this latitude (Houston) sow from last of January to mid-April, and from mid-April to mid-May, last of November. Seed should be soaked twelve hours before planting. This method softens the bur and allows the seed germ to prove itself much quicker. Sow in drills 18 inches apart and cover about one inch deep; thin out to four inches apart. Stock beets should be given more space.

BROCCOLI

A vegetable closely related to Cauliflower, but far more hardy. Seed should be sown early in seed bed in drills three to four inches apart. Cover the seed about one-half inch deep. When the leaves are about three inches broad, transplant to permanent beds, two feet apart each way. Cultivate same as Cauliflower.

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS—Continued

CABBAGE

Have soil in your bed in the best possible condition. Use soil that has been manured the previous year; by so doing your plants will be stronger and stand transplanting much better. For real early Cabbage, seed can be sown in boxes early and keep boxes in sheltered spot and covered when there is danger of frost. Late planting can be made in open ground as early as ground can be worked. Sow in drills six inches apart, dropping seed five or six to the inch, and cover seed about one-fourth inch deep. Firm the soil after covering, and then water the bed thoroughly; keep the beds moist but not too wet.

CANTALOUPE

One ounce is sufficient for 75 hills, three pounds per acre. The largest and best flavored Cantaloupes are grown on a fertile, well cultivated, well drained soil. If the soil is not fertile, it should be made so. A large shovelful of compost or a large handful of commercial fertilizer should be dropped where the seed is to be planted, and thoroughly mixed with the soil. Plant ten to twelve seed in hill, six to eight feet apart each way, covering the seed one-inch deep and firmly pressing the soil on the seed. After the plants become large enough, thin out to four to four and one-half feet apart. Do not plant until the weather is warm. Give thorough and frequent cultivation. Use air-slack lime or powdered tahocco dust for striped beetles and other insects.

CARROTS

One ounce to 150 feet of drill. Should be sown early on soil that has been deeply plowed and thoroughly worked and fertilized. Sow in drills one to sixteen inches apart, covering the seed one-half inch deep. Carrot seed germinate slowly. It is a good plan to mix a few Radish seed with the Carrot seed when sowing. The Radish seed will germinate quickly and show you where the Carrot seed is planted, so that you can cultivate the ground. The Radishes may be pulled and used when large enough. This will leave the Carrots properly thinned, so that they will mature rapidly. The Radishes do not interfere with the growth of the Carrots.

CAULIFLOWER

Cauliflower requires a rich, moist soil, thorough and frequent cultivation. One packet of seed will produce about 200 plants. Sow in hot-bed or cold-frame as for Cabbage. When plants are four inches high, transplant into the field or plot where they are to grow, in rows 24 to 36 feet apart, setting the plants from 18 inches to 2 feet apart in the row. When the heads begin to form, the leaves should be drawn together and tied closely with some soft twine.

CELERY

One ounce of seed will produce 4,000 plants; one-quarter pound will produce enough plants to set out acre. Plant seed in hot-bed or very early in open ground. Transplant when four inches high in rich soil finely pulverized; water and protect until well rooted. To blanch, draw earth around the plants from time to time, taking care not to cover the tops of the center shoots.

CORN SALAD

This is a hardy winter salad, the small leaves being served like Lettuce and Spinach. It is used also for garnishing in the same manner as Parsley and Cress. One ounce will sow 150 feet of row. Sow the seed in drills about one foot apart, covering with one-half inch of soil firmly pressed down. Should be sown very early in the spring.

COLLARDS

One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill. Sow early in the open ground. Transplant and cultivate the same as Cabbage.

GARDEN CORN

One-half pound of Sweet Corn is sufficient for a row of 100 feet; sow to ten inches apart on one acre. Sweet corn should be planted on rich land and cultivated the same as Field Corn. Plant the seed as soon as the soil is warm in the spring, and make successive plantings every two or three weeks until late summer. The same results can be obtained by planting early, medium and late varieties. Plant the seed about two inches deep in drills three feet apart, and thin to a single stalk every 14 to 20 inches. The small early varieties may be planted a little closer. If any side shoots or suckers appear, break them off. Keep the soil well cultivated and free from weeds.

CUCUMBER

One ounce of seed to 50 hills; three pounds to the acre. The soil for Cucumbers should be rich, and it is a good plan to apply well-rotted manure or commercial fertilizer in the hills or rows, thoroughly mixing it with the soil and covering with two inches of fresh soil, raising the hill about three inches above the surface of the ground. Plant eight ten seeds to the hill, covering about one inch deep. Hills should be five to six feet apart, and seeds dropped two or three inches apart in the hills. When plants reach a height of four or five inches, thin out to stand two to three inches apart in the hills. If planted in hills, thin out so that four to five strong plants are left in each hill. Cucumbers are easily injured by cold, and should not be planted until the ground is thoroughly warmed.

EGG PLANT

Sow in hot-beds very early in spring and transplant when two inches high into a second bed or into small pots. If this is not done, thin to four inches apart. Do not plant out until weather is perfectly settled and warm. Cool nights or wet weather will check them. Soil should be rich sandy loam and exposed to the sun. One ounce will plant 2,000 plants or more. Keep some plants in frames for a second planting, in case of weather changing unexpectedly. Set out plants three by two feet. Dress the young plants once after thinning or setting out with nitrate of soda or liquid manure.

ENDIVE

One pound is sufficient for 150 feet of row. May be grown in any season of the year, either in cold-frame or outside. Cultivate the same as Lettuce, except that the green sorts have to be blanched. This is done by tying the outside leaves over the heart of the plant.

KALE or BORECOLE

One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill. Sow the seed early in the spring, in drills 18 inches apart, covering the seed one-half inch deep and firm the soil over the seed. Give frequent cultivation. Thin the plants to stand ten inches apart in the rows.

KOHL-RABI

One ounce is sufficient for 200 feet of drill, two pounds will sow an acre. Kohl-Rabi should be sown both in the spring and in the autumn. Sow the seed in drills and thin the plants to six inches apart in the row. The rows should be 18 inches apart for hard cultivation, and 30 to 36 inches apart for horse cultivation. Cover the seed one-quarter inch deep.

LEEK

The Leek is a mild onion-like plant that should be more generally grown. The long blanched necks are white and more tender than the onion. The green tops are esteemed superior to the onion for flavoring soups, etc., their strong odor disappearing in cooking. One ounce is sufficient for 100 feet of drill, five to six pounds per acre. Sow early in the spring in drills 12 to 14 inches apart, covering the seed one-half inch deep. Set in rows 18 to 20 inches apart, 4 to 6 inches deep, allowing the dirt to come almost to the leaves, earthing up gradually to secure thorough blanching as they increase in size.

LETTUCE

One ounce will sow 200 feet of row; one-half pound will produce enough plants to set out acre. Seed may be sown early in a warm soil bed. Protection from cold winds may be given with a covering of straw or may be transplanted into cold-frames or hot-beds. The loose-heading varieties may be sown in rows 12 to 16 inches apart, covering the seed 1/8 to 1/4 inch with about one-half inch of soil. For the hard-heading varieties, it is better to sow the seed in a seed bed. When the plants are two inches high, transplant to rows 18 to 24 inches apart, setting the plants 12 to 14 inches apart in the row. All varieties respond to thorough cultivation, a liberal application of fertilizer and plenty of moisture.

MUSTARD

Mustard is largely used for greens throughout the entire South. A quick growing plant, requiring very little care, and should be planted in every garden. One ounce of seed to 200 feet of row. Sow in any good garden soil thickly in drills 14 inches apart. Give thorough cultivation. Leaves are large enough to use as salad in from four to six weeks from sowing. In this section, Mustard seed may be sown every month in the year.

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS—Concluded

OKRA

One ounce is sufficient for 100 feet of drill, eight pounds will sow an acre. Prepare the land thoroughly after all danger of frost is over and the soil has become warm. Plant the seed two inches deep in rows three feet apart. Thin the plants in rows to two feet apart. Give frequent shallow cultivation until the plants are nearly grown.

ONIONS

One ounce of seed is sufficient for 150 feet of drill, six pounds per acre. Onions require a strong, rich, well-cultivated soil which has been well manured for previous crops. The seed should be sown thickly in drills 14 inches apart, early in the spring. Cover the seed with one-half inch of fine soil and press down firmly. Onions should be given frequent shallow cultivation. For early Onions, the seed may be planted in hot-beds, cold-frames, and the young plants transplanted to the open ground when conditions are favorable. Plants four to five inches high are of good size for transplanting. White or Yellow Bermuda, Crystal White Wax and Prizetaker are the best varieties to transplant.

ONION SETS

One pound, which is equal to one quart of the average sets, will plant 50 feet of drill. For an acre, 300 pounds. Plant sets three inches apart in drills 4 to 18 inches apart and cover one inch deep. Onion sets require a rich soil and frequent and thorough cultivation.

PARSLEY

One ounce of seed will plant 100 feet of row, three pounds per acre, in drills 18 inches apart. Sow in a rich, well prepared seed bed 14 to 18 inches apart, covering the seed one-quarter inch deep. Press or roll the soil firmly over the seed. The seed is very slow to germinate, often taking three weeks to a month. Sow radishes in the row with Parsley seed. The Radishes will come up in a few days and show you where the rows are so that you can cultivate. The Radishes may be pulled out as soon as they are large enough to eat and do not interfere with the growth of the Parsley. Parsley requires frequent cultivation and plenty of moisture.

PARSNIPS

One ounce of seed will sow 50 feet of drill, eight pounds per acre. Parsnips require a long season for growth, and should be planted as early as possible in rows 14 to 18 inches apart, covering the seed one inch deep; roll or pack the soil firmly over the seed. When plants are well started, thin out to stand four inches apart in the row. Parsnips have long roots and will stand drought and hot weather.

PEAS

Peas are quite hardy and for early markets can be planted in the fall in protected places, and ripe peas can be had in February. They require a moderately rich soil, but are especially rich or poor and they will run too much vine and do not bear heavily. The seed needs to be planted thick, using from 80 to 150 pounds per acre for seed or vegetable crop, or one pound for 100 feet of row.

The dwarf varieties can be planted in rows 18 to 24 inches apart, and the tall ones three feet. By using the various classes of peas, and by making several sowings of each, good peas can be had for a long season. In the garden the pods should be kept picked, as the plants will then continue to bear. All varieties have wrinkled seed except Alaska, First and Best, Marrowfat, and Melting Sugar.

PEPPER

One ounce will generally produce 1,000 plants. Peppers are susceptible to cold. The seed should be planted in a hot-bed or in a box in the house about two months before time to set in the open, as the young plants are very tender. Do not transplant seedlings until the ground is warm and all danger of frost is past in your section. Set the plants 18 inches apart in rows two and one-half to three feet apart. Cultivation should be thorough.

PUMPKINS

One ounce will plant 20 hills, four pounds of seed per acre. Plant after the ground has become warm, in hills eight feet apart each way. Use a liberal application of fertilizer in each hill; see that it is thoroughly mixed with the soil. Plant six to eight seeds in each hill; cover with one inch of fine soil. When plants are well started, thin to three plants to the hill. Black Leaf 40, Air-Slack Lime or Pulverized Tobacco Dust will keep off the Striped Beetle and other insects.

RADISH

One ounce of seed will grow 100 feet of row. The Radish is quite hardy and may be grown in the open all winter in the lower South, and in cold-frames in the upper South. Sow the seed in the open ground as soon as danger of hard frosts is over. In order to be crisp, tender and sweet, Radishes should grow rapidly and should not be sown on wet or heavy soils. Sow on dry, well-drained ground deeply. Use plenty of commercial fertilizer, thoroughly covering or raking it into the soil. Sow thinly in rows 12 to 14 inches apart, covering the seed one-half inch deep. Keep the soil well cultivated.

SALSIFY

One ounce of seed will sow 75 feet of drill. Sow Salsify at the same time and in the same manner as Parsnips and Carrots. Salsify may be dug and stored or potted in the ground or the same as Parsnips, or left to stand in the garden until needed.

SPINACH

One ounce will plant 75 feet of drill, 10 pounds per acre. Spinach may be planted in the South and Southwest any month in the year except in the very hot weather and December and January. Spinach cannot be grown successfully on poor land. Use plenty of fertilizer and give the soil thorough cultivation before planting. Sow in drills, covering the seed three-fourths of an inch deep. Press or roll the soil firmly over the seed. The seed germinates freely in cool, moist weather and grow rapidly.

SQUASH

One ounce of the bush varieties will plant 30 hills, or of the large-seeded winter kinds, 20 hills. There are two types of Squashes—the bush variety and the running variety. The bush variety should be planted in hills four feet apart each way, and the running variety eight to ten feet apart each way. Squashes are prolific, and supply for the average family will ordinarily be furnished by five or six hills of each sort. Squash seed should not be planted until after danger of frost is over and the soil is quite warm. The cultivation and care of Squashes should be the same as that given Cucumbers and Watermelons.

TOBACCO SEED

The seed should be sown as early as possible after danger of frost is over. It is customary to burn a quantity of brush and rubbish in the spring on the ground intended for the seed bed; then dig and pulverize the earth and mix with the ashes, after which the seed may be sown and covered very lightly. When the plants are about six inches high, transplant into rows four or five feet each way. Cultivate thoroughly with plow and hoe.

TOMATOES

One ounce of seed will produce 1,000 plants. To get a crop of early Tomatoes, seed should be started six to eight weeks before the time for setting the plants in the open. In some sections of the Southwest the plants can be grown in cold-frames covered with canvas or cotton cloth, but in the cooler sections a hot-bed should be used. When only a few plants are needed the seed may be sown in a shallow box in the house. For the best results in growing Tomatoes the young plants should be transplanted as soon as they reach a height of two inches. Transplant these plants to stand two inches apart each way in a hot-bed, cold-frame or box in the house. When the plants begin to crowd, it is a good plan to transplant them.

TURNIPS

For the early crop, plant during January, February and March. Turnips are planted practically every month in the year, except during late spring months. The seed should be sown rather thickly, and the seedlings thinned out four or six inches apart after all danger of the frost is past. The plants should be two feet apart when the seedlings are one inch deep. Keep free from weeds and cultivate frequently until tops become too large. Two packets of seed will plant a 100-foot row, or two pounds of seed to the acre.

WATERMELON

One ounce of seed will plant 25 hills. A rich, well-prepared soil is needed to produce the largest and sweetest melons. Do not plant until the soil and weather is warm. Hills should be 6x6 or 8x8 feet apart. Drop ten to twelve seeds in a hill and cover one inch deep. After danger of striped beetle and other insects is past thin each hill to four strong plants.

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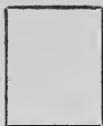
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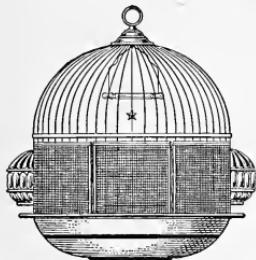
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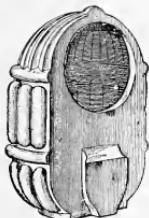
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Ivory white, gold trimmed, brass wire guard, opal shell cups.



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We have them in either glass
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Vermin-proof, fits nicely in breeding
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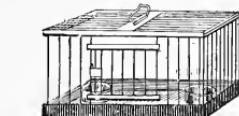
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Japanese Lantern Cage

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No. 270—9 x 6 inches \$1.85
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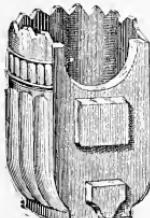
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Swinging Brass Plated Bracket
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Picotee Zinnia